Victoria Daily Times.

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DAVIDSON BROS.,
THE JEWELLERS
55 YATES STREET
—FOR—
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" " BROOCHES.
" " LACE PINS.
" " HAIR PINS, ETC.

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Ladies' Cabinets,
Music Cabinets,
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Handsome Hall Racks
IN OAK OR WALNUT.
BIG REDUCTIONS FOR CASH.

NO ADVANCE IN THE PRICE OF COAL.
Wellington Coal and Wood Yard.
Removed from Store to Wharf & Johnson Streets.
Entrance by New Roadway. Best in the City. Coal sold in any quantities. Double screened, and weight guaranteed.
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Interest and Rents Collected and Returns Made Promptly.
Conveyancing,
Fire and Life Insurance,
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SELLING FAST
The sale will be continued for a short time longer. Come at once and leave your measure. See the Window, 88 Government St., near Post Office.
D. Campbell & Co's
Seven dollar Pants have had a big rush during last week and they are still going off like hot cakes.
$7.00 PANTS

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE "DAILY TIMES."

Interesting Items Brought by the Telegraph—Murders, Marriages and Matters Marine—Collisions, Politics and Speculations, etc.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Herald's special City of Mexico says: In Matchuala last night a church roof fell in causing the death of three people and wounding a few other men, including a priest named Lossa.

A Big Strike Averted.

The employes of the street car company here have been discovered making preparations for a general strike. Their plans promised to interfere with the entire traffic. Some eighty employes were in the plot and all have been discharged. Had the strike been carried out all street lines would have been paralyzed, and business would have been at a standstill.

A Blessing in Disguise.

The McKinley bill so far as lead ore is concerned has been a blessing in disguise for Mexico, as consessions to a large smelting firm has been granted, and a big smelter is already in course of erection at San Luis Potosi by the Mexican Metallurgical Company, a Kansas City organization.

Paid the Penalty.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 1.—Thursday morning a young lady named Hardee was assaulted by a negro named Palseo near Valdosta and left in an almost unconscious state in the woods. She dragged herself to a neighboring house and told the people there what had occurred. The negro was arrested and identified by her. As the officers were returning to town with the prisoner, last night, he was taken from them by a crowd of several hundred people who carried him to the woods and riddled him with bullets. Another negro supposed to be accesssory to the fact has been captured and it is expected he will be lynched. Miss Hardee is the daughter of a prominent planter.

A Famous Picture.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The Sun this morning says: Millet's famous picture "The Angelus," which was sold by auction to the American Art Association of this city in July last in Paris, has been sold once more. Negotiations have only just been completed in Paris by R. Austin-Robertson representing the American Art Association. It is not known exactly who purchased it, inasmuch as Robertson's negotiations have been carried on with agents only. The picture has sold this time for 750,000 francs as against 553,000 francs paid over a year ago by the American Art Association.

Leprosy in Chester, Pa.

CHESTER, Pa., Nov. 1.—Dr. Atkinson, secretary of the state board of health, came to Chester to-day and together with Dr. C. W. Perkins and Dr. D. P. Mallox, drove to Lima to see the leper John Anderson, who is confined in the pest house there. They made an examination of the man and confirmed the opinion held by Philadelphia physicians, that it was a genuine case of leprosy. Much sympathy is expressed for Anderson who is a very intelligent man. Dr. Atkinson will lay the matter before the state board of health, and an attempt will be made to get the man out of the country if possible.

Severe Damage by Storms.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—News has just reached this city from interior and seaboard cities of Mexico of severe damage done by storms that have been raging there for three weeks or more. In Sonora heavy rains accompanied by high winds and hail blew down whole groves of trees in the public parks; the hail cut the crops on the plantations to pieces, and caused unlimited damage. This will result in future hardship among the owners of small plantations, and among the laboring classes generally. It is estimated that it will take years to repair the damage done to the trees and shrubbery. Many houses were swept into the river before the occupants could escape. The distress in the districts through which the storm raged is so great that President Diaz has appropriated a sum of money for the relief of the inhabitants.

Alaska's Census.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Ivan Petroff, the special census agent of Alaska, has returned to Washington with his figures, and his preliminary report will be ready in a few days. He estimates Alaska's population at from 35,000 to 38,000. The resources of the country have developed wonderfully owing to the remarkable increase of white population. Petroff travelled over a great stretch of country and personally superintended the work of his subordinates. He says that he experienced many difficulties in travelling about owing to the poor facilities of transportation. Shanks mare was liberally patronized, besides using Indian canoes with natives as oarsmen, and also as assistants in census work.

Active and Daring.

KEY WEST, Nov. 1.—Victor Aquila, an employee of the Spanish government, was decoyed by two men to the outskirts of the city last night, who then shot and wounded him. His captors then ordered him to leave at once for Havana under penalty of death. He immediately boarded a departing steamer; but in the meantime the authorities had got wind of the affair and arrested the guilty parties and Aquilla himself, whom they hold as a witness. The Cuban revolutionists in this city are active and daring just now and it looks as if they will make trouble in the island before long.

The Organization Defeated.

OMAHA, Nov. 1.—Operators who were discharged by the Western Union Telegraph Company on account of their connection with the Telegraphers' Brotherhood, to-day promised to sign an agreement withdrawing from that, and all similar organizations. Nearly all will re-enter the service at once. The company refused to take back a few men who were especially active during the recent difficulty.

Australia's Coal Trade.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—United States sends an interesting report to the State Department on Australia's wool trade. The increase in exports of wool over last year was 108,000 bales, making the export of wool for the fiscal year, 1889-90, 1,462,598 bales. The cost of keeping sheep enters of course largely into the calculation of profits obtained. The tables are given by Griffin showing that on improved land an average profit of sixty-one cents per sheep was obtained. On land subject to droughts a profit of 14 cents was yielded, while on well grazed land a profit of 100 cents per head in many instances was obtained.

Webster Found Guilty.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—After twenty hours liberation the jury in the trial of Actor Charles Crumley Webster, at 11 o'clock this morning came into court with a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in the first degree which means imprisonment for not less than 5 years or more than 20 years. The counsel for the prisoner moved for a stay of judgment for a week in which to prepare for a new trial. The motion was granted.

An Old Firm Fails.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Leopold Bros. & Co., wholesale dealers and manufacturers of clothing failed this morning; liabilities, $200,000. The firm was established in 1856 and did a business of about one million dollars a year. The tightness of the money market and the slowness of collections are the reasons, given for the failure. The real reasons, however, are believed to be the reduction of their capital caused by the death of two of the partners and the withdrawal of their money interests by their widows.

Another Rich Discovery.

MARTIN'S FERRY, Nov. 1.—Oil shot out of a Fisher well on Island Creek to-day and went up 50 feet. The well will probably yield three hundred barrels daily. Speculators are trying to gobble up the land, and great excitement prevails. Some farmers refuse to sell or lease at any price. A pipe line is to be laid at once to Ohio river, a distance of three miles. This is the first oil found in that territory.

Struck a Copper Vein.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N.J., Nov. 1.—Much excitement exists among farmers at Middlebury town, four miles from this city, on account of the discovery of a vein of copper ore on Daniel Polham's place. It is said to assay 30 per cent., and a carload has been shipped to some New York men who made an offer for the find. Very many years ago there was a mine in what is now part of this city, and it was worked for several years, but finally failed to pay. This vein may be a continuance of the old one.

Foul Play Feared.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 1.—Detective James Murphy, brother of Chief Murphy of this city, mysteriously disappeared at Ogden Oct. 25th, while on his way to San Francisco, to secure a prisoner. A dispatch received to-day says his body has been found in a ditch near Ogden. He was no doubt murdered, as he was known to carry a large sum of money, a considerable reward having been offered for the arrest which he was to make.

A Missing English Actress.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Supt. J. H. Marsh, of the Chicago police has notified acting Supt. Barnes of the disappearance of Ruth Davenport, an English actress, who came here from England about the middle of last month and joined her company which was going to Chicago. They started Oct. 21. Miss Davenport who was ill on the voyage over, was compelled to stop in Baltimore and Ohio railway station, Jersey City, and was left behind. She was to have taken the next train, but nothing has been heard from her, although every effort has been made to learn her whereabouts. Inspector Byrnes has been requested to send out a general alarm. The missing actress is 22 years old, her photograph shows her to be a handsome girl.

The King Insane.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 1.—It has become known that the malady from which the king of Holland suffers is entirely of a mental nature. In fact his majesty is insane. Physically his health is perfectly sound. The story of his protracted bodily illness was devised, and it is maintained in order to prepare the way and prove the necessity for the establishment of regency.

The Old Game Again.

NIAGARA FALLS, Nov. 1.—Yesterday afternoon George Lammerts, clerk in Suspension Bridge post office, went to the safe to get a supply of stamps for the tray at the stamp window. He was alone in the office, and while getting the stamps he was seized from behind by an unknown man, and a cloth, supposed to be saturated with chloroform, was thrown about his head, and he was thrown upon the floor, where he was found later. The money order tray is missing, but the loss is not as yet known.

The Czar's Loving Subjects.

BERLIN, Nov. 1.—The Vossische Zeitung states that while a number of persons attempted to leave Russia for the purpose of emigrating to Brazil, they were fired into by the Russian frontier guards and four of the party killed.

The Tipperary Trial.

TIPPERARY, Nov. 1.—Shortly after the opening of the court in the conspiracy cases this morning Commoner Dalton entered the court house and attempted to take a seat in the gallery. In the midst of considerable excitement on the part of the spectators, Dalton was forcibly ejected by the police. Subsequently the magistrate accorded permission to re-enter the gallery which he did accompanied by Dennis Kilbridge, member of parliament for the southern Division of Kerry. Alice Sadler, one of the witnesses who was sentenced to imprisonment until to-day for contempt of court, for refusing to give testimony was released.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

PROPERTY AND POVERTY.

QUESTIONS OF POLITICAL ECONOMY IN ABLE HANDS.

Mr. Joseph Cook's Treatment of the Labor Question—His Elucidation of the Evils Which Exist and the Remedies He Proposes, etc.

The name of Joseph Cook is known throughout the English-speaking world, and respected on the lecture platform for the impartial and just manner in which the great subjects of political economy receives at his hands. It was therefore no matter of surprise that a large and very intelligent audience struggled through the fog last night to listen to him at The Victoria. Hon. John Robson presided, and briefly introduced the lecturer.

Mr. Joseph Cook was at home with his audience in a moment, and launched out on his comprehensive subject, any one point of which was enough for two ordinary lectures. His idea was that social economics must be regulated by the Golden Rule, man mast work, and if any man would not work, neither shall he eat. Similar grievances and conditions exist and confront workingmen all over the world. Workingmen are accustomed to see that the growth of great cities is out of proportion to the rest of the world, and mere manual toil is at a disadvantage in large centres. In our large cities, immigrant labor can be obtained at very low prices, tending to injure native labor. This difficulty presents itself to the people of North Australia. Now there is always a lower level of society, and it has been called the mud-cill of society; it is this under bidding, low wage class. The structure of society must be raised, and if we want to elevate society, we must go down to the bottom and lift up the entire mass, mudcill and all—let there be no mudcill. The labor market for white men is unfavorable where work is to be done under a vertical sun—take the Southern States and Northern Australia as an example. But the lecturer foresaw a greater problem confronting the United States than the labor difficulty, and that was the question of race. There are seven millions of colored people in the Southern States, and the black population is doubling just as rapidly as the white. If the calculation that in one hundred years the colored population of the American union would be 60,000,000 and the white 120,000,000, that 60,000,000 would form an important factor in the labor question of the United States.

The modern feudalism would be seen in the manufacturing system which is going to make the aristocrecy of wealth. Labor is subdivided to such fine degrees that the laboring man is not wanted at all and he is superseded by boys and girls, children who should still be at the school. Wages have reached such a low ebb that the assistance of the child in the maintenance of the household is an absolute necessity; education has been neglected and the result is the production of an uneducated, torpid and unaspiring class in our manufacturing towns. The working man's faculties are not taxed as they used to be, machinery does the work. We can't afford to have any one class stunted; we are of too much importance in the political world to live uneducated. The other feature of this modern feudalism is the concentration of capital; the larger the establishment, the greater the profits, other things being equal. As an illustration, there are fewer woollen factories in the United States to-day than there were twenty years ago, not that the manufacture of wool has descreased, but that the large mills have swallowed up the smaller ones, simply by the concentration of capital, which had combined to bring wages down to starvation point. He did not condemn those capitalists who were kind and considerate to the laboring classes, but something must be done to raise the wage standard. The lecturer analysed the state to which the manufacturing system had brought the people of the United States. Sixty millions of people are governed by 13,000,000 of voters; 3,000,000 are absentees, leaving ten millions to control the government. This is one of the perils of broad suffrage. Take the five fingers as representing those ten millions, one goes down as illiterate, another as semi-illiterate, leaving three fingers to government the nation. The thumb of unscrupulousness, vice, whiskey and gambling is easily placed over those two fingers, leaving two standing, representing the great Republican and Democratic parties who will, while advocating "all judicious measures tending to promote the welfare of the people," will ponder to that great controlling thumb and will be alternately above and below it as suits their purpose. What are the remedies for this state of things? The lecturer saw four great sources of help for the working man. They are the four "helps;" self-help, state help, school help and church help. These are the great driving wheels of the locomotive of labor reform which he would have run on the two rails, the golden rule and the iron rule. Working men should demand natural wages; there are natural wages and family wages. It was computed by the Massachusetts bureau of labor statistics and other similar bodies that if a man is not paid about twice what his food costs, his family and himself are easily thrown into distress by the slightest misfortune. Natural wages really mean family wages, and a man should be paid more in proportion to his skill. No man should work for less without protest. This brought the lecturer up to the question of freedom of contract. Every man has a perfect right to manage his own affairs, the employer and the employed alike. The former has no moral right to pay less than the standard of natural wages, and the latter has no right to interfere with the man who chooses to work in the place of men on strike. Personally the speaker did not approve of strikes; he was in favor of arbitration commissions. But all should have perfect freedom of contract. Their children should be taught at least two trades. This ought to be a sacred duty. Shiftlessness comes from ignorance, and Germans were quick to perceive this, and they provided against it accordingly. As to the eight hour system, many want it and many don't; it works to admiration in Australia, to the intelligence of whose people the lecturer paid a glowing tribute. Mr. Cook favored the non-sectarian public school; read the bible, sing a hymn, but avoid sectarian comment on the bible.

The great schemes of Bellamy and Henry George were not forgotten, but the lecturer's opinion, which was candidly and impartially argued out and supported by good statements, may be summed up in his own words: "They are castles in the air without any ladders by which to climb up to them."

Humanity must be raised, but to do so we must co-operate with the Divine arms and uplift the great continent from the bottom; working men should look to those great men of the world who had risen from their ranks like shining lights; the lecturer instanced the beginning of such men as Burns, Sir Adam Ferguson, Henry M. Stanley, Benj. Franklin, Lincoln, Daniel Webster and Henry Clay.

Rev. Mr. Coverdale Watson proposed and Rev. Mr. Macleod seconded a vote of thanks to the lecturer, which was very warmly carried.

A TERRIBLE DISASTER.

Steamer and Schooner Collide—Over 60 Lives Lost—An Awful Scene.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The Spanish steamer Vizcaya, from Havana for New York, was run into off Barnegate by an unknown schooner to-day. Both vessels were sunk. The captain and sixty passengers were lost. The chief and second officers, the sergeon and one engineer and eight of the crew were picked up.

From Dr. Rice the best account of the disaster was obtained. Dr. Rice said: Everything was working nicely. The weather was fine; the moon shone bright, and the sea was smooth. It was about 8 o'clock when I was on deck and took a few turns back and forth while smoking an after dinner cigarette. I did not see any vessel near us. The ship was in charge of the first officer, who was on the bridge. I went down to the saloon then, and there met Mrs. Calvo. We sat down and began talking. Suddenly I heard the gong in the engine room sounding the "stop" signal. Before I could even wonder what it was for, there came an awful shock, a crashing, scraping sound on deck, over our heads—and the steamer rolled well over on her port side. Everybody in the saloon was thrown down. There was great excitement, men, women, and children shrieking for help, from what they did not know. Mrs. Calvo seized my hands and begged me to find and save her boy. I told her I would. I started up on deck to find him. When I got out of the cabin on the way a terrible scene met my gaze. The bridge, deck-house and fore-rigging were torn away. There was a great gash in the starboard side, just abaft of the coal bunkers, and through this opening the water was pouring in. Close by, on our starboad beam, was a big four-masted schooner, her bow-sprit and fore-rigging gone and her bows stove in. She too, was filling rapidly. Men were running here aed there oll over our decks, and shouting all kinds of orders, and I can remember the crew of the schooner were doing the same on their vessel. The next thing I knew the water was making over our decks. The steamer was fast sinking. Down, down went the steamer and up we climbed. We reached the fore-gallant yard, and just then the hull reached the bottom. This left us just out of the water, but every large swell would wet our legs. There were twelve of us on the yard. Some of our crew had tried to reach the schooner, but she had sunk almost as quickly as had the Vizcaya, and, as far as we could see, not a soul but ourselves was in sight. One of the men on the yard said that while climbing the rigging he had seen a boat lowered from the schooner and seven men get in and row away. We looked all round, but could not see anything. Then, in hope of attracting attention from some passing vessel or some one on shore (we were only six miles off the [illegible] cut the rope on the yard into pieces a foot or two long, and lighting these waved them in the air as long as they lasted, but no one came to our aid. All through the long night we clung to that yard, growing colder and stiffer as each hour passed. Toward daybreak a cold fog settled on us and made matters worse, when one of the men on the yard said he thought he had heard a steamer passing [illegible]. We all hallooed as loud as our numb condition would permit. Then a boat made its appearance, and we were taken aboard the Humboldt. We could not have held out much longer."

The cargo of the Vizcaya was a general one, comprising lumber, provisions, hardware, furniture and machinery. The whole cargo was valued at $850,000. The vessel was insured by her owners. The Vizcaya was an iron vessel, and formerly plied between New York and Mediterranean ports.

Hanging too Mild.

DALTON, Ga., Nov. 1.—The two negroes who have been followed fifty miles and were caught, charged with the outrage and murder of Miss Baker in Barlow county, were taken from the officers last night by a mob and carried into the country. There is no doubt their bodies will be found hanging from trees by daylight. The finding of the dead body of the girl by her father some distance from the house in a stretch of woodland. On a road leading to it the father discovered pools of blood, and the evidence of a fearful struggle. Bloody tracks were made in the road where the girl had been dragged. Further on was a pile of brush, where a tree had been cut down. Lying under the brush, face downward, bathed in blood, was the mutilated body of the girl. Her throat was cut from ear to ear.

DEAD SEA AND JORDAN.

DR. TALMAGE'S FIFTH SERMON ON HIS TOUR IN THE HOLY LAND.

Topography of the Dead Sea Region. Pompeii and the Volcano—The Lowest Lake in the World—Evidences of God's Wrath.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 26.—Dr. Talmage preached the fifth sermon of the series on his tour in the Holy Land in the Academy of Music in this city this morning. This evening at The Christian Herald service in the Academy of Music, New York, the sermon was repeated before an audience which filled the vast building in every part. Dr. Talmage announced as his text, Ps. civ, 32: "He toucheth the hills and they smoke." He said:

David the poet here pictures a volcano, and what Church's Cotopaxi does on painter's canvas this author does in words. You see a hill, calm and still and for ages immovable, but the Lord out of the heavens puts his finger on the top of it, and from it rise thick vapors intershot with fire. "He toucheth the hills and they smoke."

God is the only being who can manage a volcano, and again and again has he employed volcanic action. The pictures on the walls of Pompeii, the exhumed Italian city, as we saw them last November, demonstrate that the city was not fit to live. In the first century that city, engirdled with palaces, emparadised with gardens, pillared into architectural exquisiteness, was at the foot of a mountain up the sides of which it ran with vineyards and villas of merchant princes, and all that marble and bronze and imperial baths and arboriculture and rainbowed fountains, and a coliseum at the dedication of which nine thousand beasts had been slain, and a supernal landscape in which the shore gave roses to the sea and the sea gave crytals to the shore; yea, all that beauty and pomp and wealth could give was there to be seen or heard. But the bad morals of the city had shocked the world. In the year 79, on the 4th of August, a black column rose above the adjoining mountain and spread out, Pliny says, as he saw it, like a great pine tree, wider and wider, until it began to rain upon the city first thin ashes and then pumice stone, and sulphurous fumes scooped, and streams of mud poured through the streets till few people escaped, and the city was buried, and some of the inhabitants eighteen hundred years after were found embalmed in the scoriæ of that awful doom. The Lord called upon volcanic forces to obliterate that profligate city. He touched the hills and they smoked.

SCIENCE AND SCRIPTURE AGREE.

Nothing but volcanic action can explain what I shall show you at the Dead sea upon which I looked last December, and of whose waters I took a bitter and stinging taste. Concerning all that region there has been controversy enough to fill libraries, science saying one thing, revelation saying another thing. But admit volcanic action divinely employed and both testimonies are one and the same. Geology, chemistry, geography, astronomy, ichthyology, ornithology and zoology are coming one by one to confirm the Scriptures. Two leaves of one book are Revelation and Creation, and the penmanship is by the same divine hand. Our horseback ride will not be so steep today, and you can stay on without clinging to the pommel of the saddle, but the scenes amid which we ride shall, if possible, be more thrilling, and by the time the horses snuff the sulphurous atmosphere of Lake Ashaltites, or the Dead sea, we will be ready to dismount and read from our Bibles about what was done that day by the Lord when he touched the hills and they smoked.

Take a detour and pass along by the rocky fortress of Masada, where occurred something more wonderful in the way of desperation than you have ever heard of, unless you have heard of that. Herod built a palace amid these heaps of black and awful rocks which look like a tumbled midnight. A great band of robbers, about one thousand including their families, afterward held the fortress. When the Roman army stormed that steep and the bandits could no longer hold the place, their chieftain, Eleazar, made a powerful speech which persuaded them to die before they were captured. First the men kissed their families a loving and tearful good-by and then put a dagger into their hearts, and the women and children were slain. Then ten men were chosen by lot to slay all the other men, and each man lay down by the dead wife and children and waited for these executioners to do their work. This done, one man of the ten killed the other nine. Then the survivor committed suicide. Two women and five children had hid themselves, and after all was over came forth to tell of the nine hundred and sixty slaughtered. Great and rugged natural scenery makes the most tremendous natures for good or evil. Great statesmen and great robbers, great orators and great butchers, were nearly all born or reared among mountain precipices. Strong natures are hardly ever born upon the plain. When men have anything greatly good or greatly evil to do they come down off the rocks.

THE LAND OF DESOLATION.

Pass on from under the shadow of Masada, the scene of concentrated diabolism, and come along where the salt crystals crackle under the horses' hoofs. You are near the most God forsaken region of all the earth. You to whom the word lake has heretofore suggested those bewitchments of beauty, Luzerne or Cayuga, some great pearl set by a loving God in the bosom of the luxuriant valley, change all your ideas about a lake, and see this sheet of water which the Bible calls the Salt sea, or Sea of the Plain, and Josephus calls Lake Asphaltites. The muleteers will take care of the horses while we go down to the brink and dip up the liquid mixture in the palm of the hand. The waters are a commingling of brimstone and pitch, and have six times larger percentage of salt than those of the Atlantic ocean, the ocean having 4 per cent. of salt and this lake 26¼ per cent. Lake Sir-i-kol, of India, is the highest lake in the world. This lake, on the banks of which we kneel, is the lowest lake. It empties into no sea, among other things, for the simple reason that water cannot run up hill. It swallows up the river Jordan and makes no response of thanks, and never reports what it does with the twenty million cubic feet of water annually received from that sacred river. It takes the tree branches and logs floated into it by the Jordan and pitches them on the banks of bitumen to decay there.

The hot springs near its banks by the name of Callirhoe, where King Herod came to bathe off his illnesses, no sooner pour into this sea than they are poisoned. Not a fish scale swims it. Not an insect walks it. It hates life, and if you attempt to swim there it lifts you by an unnatural buoyancy to the surface, as much as to say, "We want no life here, but death is our preference, death." Those who attempt to wade into this lake, and submerge themselves, come out almost maddened, as with the sting of a hundred wasps and hornets, and with lips and eyelids swollen with the strange ablution. The sparkle of its waters is not like the sparkle of beauty on other lakes, but a metallic luster like unto the flash of a sword that would thrust you. The gazelles and the ibexes that live on the hills beside it, and cranes and wild ducks that fly across—for, contrary to the old belief, birds do safely wing their way over it—and the Arab horses you have been riding, though thirsty enough, will not drink out of this dreadful mixture. A mist hovers over parts of it almost continually, which, though natural evaporation, seems like a wing of doom spread over liquid desolation. It is the rinsings of abomination. It is an aqueous monster coiled among the hills, or creeping with ripples, and stenchful with nauseating malodors.

THE CITIES OF THE PLAIN.

In these regions once stood four great cities of Assyria: Sodom, Gomorrah, Adma and Zeboim. The Bible says they were destroyed by a temptest of fire and brimstone after these cities had filled up of wickedness. "No; that is absurd," cries some one; "it is evident that this was a region of salt and brimstone and pitch long before that." And so it was. The Bible says it was a region of sulphur long before the great catastrope. "Well, now," says some one, wanting to raise a quarrel between science and Revelation, "you have no right to say the cities of the plain were destroyed by a temptest of fire and sulphur and brimstone, because this region had these characteristics long before these cities were destroyed." Volcanic action, is my reply. These cities had been built out of very combustible materials. The mortar was of bitumen easily ignited, and the walls dripped with pitch most inflammable. They sat, I think, on a ridge of hills. They stood high up and conspicuous, radiant in their sins, ostentatious in their debaucheries, four hells on earth.

One day there was a rumbling in the earth, and a quaking. "What's that?" cry the affrighted inhabitants. "What's that?" The foundations of the earth were giving way. A volcano, whose fires had been burning for ages, at God's command bursts forth, easily setting everything aflame, and first lifting these cities high in air and then dashing them down in chasms fathomless. The fires of that eruption intershot the dense smoke and rolled unto the heavens, only to descend again. And all the configuration of that country was changed, and where there was a hill there came a valley, and where there had been the pomp of uncleanness came widespread desolation. The red hot spade of volcanic action had shoveled under the cities of the plain. Before the catastrophe the cities stood on the top of the salt and sulphur. After the catastrophe they were under the salt and sulphur. Science right; Revelation right. "He toucheth the hills and they smoke."

No science ever frightened believers in Revelation so much as geology. They feared that the strata of the earth would contradict the Scriptures, and then Moses must go under. But as in the Dead sea instance so in all cases God's writing on the earth and God's writing in the Bible are harmonious. The shelves of rock correspond with the shelves of the American Bible society. Science digs into the earth and finds deep down the remains of plants, and so the Bible announces plants first. Science digs down and says, "Marine animals next," and the Bible says, "Marine animals next." Science digs down and says, "Land animals next," and the Bible responds, "Land animals next." "Then comes man!" says science. "Then comes man!" responds the Bible. Science digs into the regions about the Dead sea, and finds result of fire and masses of brimstone, and announces a wonderful geological formation. "Oh, yes," says the Bible, "Moses wrote thousands of years ago, 'The Lord rained upon Sodom and upon Gomorrah brimstone and fire from the Lord out of heaven,' and David wrote, 'He toucheth the hills and they smoke.'" So I guess we will hold on to our Bibles a little longer. A gentleman in the ante-room of the White House at Washington, having an appointment with Mr. Lincoln at 5 o'clock in the morning, got there fifteen minutes early, and asked the servant, "Who is talking in the next room?" "It is the president, sir." Is anybody with him?" "No, sir; he is reading the Bible. He spends every morning from 4 to 5 o'clock reading the Scriptures."

PROFLIGATE CITIES OVERWHELMED.

My text implies that God controls volcanoes, not with the full force of his hand, but with the tip of his finger. Etna, Stromboli and Vesuvius fawn at his feet like hounds before the hunter. These eruptions of the hills do not belong to Pluto's realm, as the ancients thought, but to the divine dominions. Humboldt counted two hundred of them, but since then the Indian archipelago has been found to have nine hundred of these great mouthpieces. They are on every continent and in all latitudes. That earthquake which shook all America about six or seven summers ago was only the raving around of volcanoes rushing against the sides of their rocky caverns trying to break out. They must come to the surface, but it will be at the divine call. They seem reserved for the punishment of one kind of sin. The seven cities they have obliterated were celebrated for one kind of transgression. Profligacy was the chief characteristic of the seven cities over which they put their smothering wing: Pompeii, Herculaneum, Stabiæ, Adma, Zeboim, Sodom and Gomorrah.

If our American cities do not quit their profligacy, if in high life and low life dissoluteness does not cease to be a joke and become a crime, if wealthy libertinism continues to find so many doors of domestic life open to its faintest touch, if Russian and French and American literature steeped in pruriency does not get banished from the news stands and ladies' parlors, God will let loose some of these suppressed monsters of the earth. And I tell these American cities that it will be more tolerable for Sodom and Gomorrah in the day of judgment, whether that day of judgment be in this present century or in the closing century of the earth's continuance. The volcanic forces are already in existence, but in the mercy of God they are chained in the kennels of subterraneous fire. Yet let profligacy, whether it stagger into a lazaretto, or sit on a commercial throne, whether it laugh in a faded shawl under the street gas light or be wrapped in the finest array that foreign loom ever wrought or lapidary ever impearled, know right well that there is a volcano waiting for it, whether in domestic life, or social life, or political life, or in the foundations of the earth from which sprang out the devastations that swallowed the cities of the plain. "He toucheth the hills and they smoke."

But the dragoman was rejoiced when we had seen enough of this volcanic region of Palestine, and he gladly tightens the girths for another march around the horses which are prancing and neighing for departure. We are off for the Jordan, only two hours away. We pass Bedouins whose stern features melt into a smile as we give them the salutation Salaam Aleikoum, "Peace be with you," their smile sometimes leaving us in doubt as to whether it is caused by their gladness to see us or by our poor pronunciation of the Arabic. Oh, they are a strange race, those Bedouins. Such a commingling of ruffianism and honor, of cowadice and courage, of cruelty and kindness! When a band of them came down upon a party in which Miss Whately was traveling, and were about to take pocketbooks and perhaps life, this lady sitting upon her horse took out her note book and pencil and began to sketch these brigands, and seeing this composure the bandits thought it something supernatural and fled. Christian womanliness or manliness is all conquering. When Martin Luther was told that Duke George would kill him if he went to Leipsic Luther replied, "I would go to Leipsic if it rained Duke Georges nine days."

FIRST VIEW OF THE JORDAN.

Now we come through regions where there are hills cut into the shape of cathedrals, with altar and column and arch and chancel and pulpit and dome and architecture of the rocks that I think can hardly just happen so. Perhaps it is because God loves the church so well, he builds in the solitudes of Yellowstone park and Yosemite and Switzerland and Palestine these ecclesiastical piles. And who knows but that unseen spirits may sometimes worship there? "Dragoman, when shall we see the Jordan?" I ask. All the time we were on the alert, and looking through tamarisk and willows for the greatest river of all the earth. The Mississippi is wider, the Ohio is deeper, the Amazon is longer, the Hudson rolls amid regions more picturesque, the Thames has more splendor on its banks, the Tiber suggests more imperial procession, the Ilyssus has more classic memories, and the Nile feeds greater populations by its irrigation, but the Jordan is the queen of rivers, and runs through all the Bible, a silver thread strung like beads with heroics, and before night we shall meet on its banks Elijah and Elisha and David and Jacob and Joshua and John and Jesus.

At last between two trees I got a glimpse of a river and said, "What is that?" "The Jordan," was the quick reply. And all along the line which had been lengthened by other pilgrims, some from America, and some from Europe, and some from Asia, the cry was sounded "The Jordan! The Jordan!" Hundreds of thousands of pilgrims have chanted on its banks and bathed in its waters. Many of them dip a wet gown in the wave and wring it out and carry it home for their own shroud. It is an impetuous stream, and rushes on as though it were hastening to tell its story to the ages. Many an explorer has it whelmed and many a boat has it wrecked. Lieut. Molineaux had copper bottomed crafts split upon its shelvings. Only one boat, that of Lieut. Lynch, ever lived to sail the whole length of it. At the season when the snows on Lebanon melt the rage of this stream is like the Conemaugh when Johnstown perished, and the wild beasts that may be near run for the hills, explaining what Jeremiah says, "Behold he shall go up like a lion from the swelling of Jordan." No river so often changes its mind, for it turns and twists, traveling two hundred miles to do that which in a straight line might be done in sixty miles. Among banks now low, now high, now of rocks, now of mud and now of sand, laving the feet of the terebinths and oleanders and acacias and reeds and pistachios and silver poplars. This river marries the Dead sea to Lake Gallilee, and did ever so rough a groom take the hand of so fair a bride?

MIRACLES AT THE JORDAN.

This is the river which parted to let an army of two million Israelites across. Here the skilled major general of the Assyrian host at the seventh plunge dropped his leprosy not only by miraculous cure, but suggesting to all ages that water, and plenty of it, has much to do with the sanitary improvement of the world. Here is where some theological students of Elisha's time were cutting trees with which to build a theological seminary, and an ax head, not sufficiently wedged to the handle, flew off into the river and sank, and the young man deplored not so much the loss of the ax head as the fact that it was not his own, and cried, "Alas! it was borrowed," and the prophet threw a stick into the river, and in defiance of the law of gravitation the iron ax head came to the surface and floated like a cork upon the water, and kept floating until the young man caught it. A miracle performed to give one an opportunity to return that which was borrowed, and a rebuke in all ages for those who borrow and never return, their bad habit in this respect so established that it would be a miracle if they did return it. Yes, from the bank of this river Elijah took a team of fire, showing that the most raging element is servant of the good, and that there is no need that a child of God fear anything, for if the most destructive of all elements was that day fashioned into a vehicle for a departing saint, nothing can ever hurt you who love and trust the Lord.

I am so glad that that chariot of Elijah was not made out of wood or crystal or anything ordinarily pleasant, but out of fire, and yet he went up without having so much as to fan himself. When, stepping from amid the foliage of these oleanders and tamarisks on the banks of the Jordan, he put his foot on the red step of the red equipage, and took the red reins of vapor in his hands, and spurred the galloping steeds toward the wide open gate of heaven, it was a scene forever memorable. So the hottest afflictions of your life may roll you heavenward. So the most burning persecutions, the most fiery troubles, may become uplifting. Only be sure that when you pull on the bits of fire, you drive up toward God, and not down toward the Dead sea. When Latimer and Ridley died at the stake they went up in a chariot of fire. When my friend P. P. Bliss, the gospel singer, was consumed with the rail train that broke through Ashtabula bridge and then took flame, I said, "Another Elijah gone up in a chariot of fire!"

BAPTIZING IN THE JORDAN.

But this river is a river of baptisms. Christ was here baptized and John baptized many thousands. Whether on these occasions the candidate for baptism and the officer of religion went into this river, and then while both were standing the water was dipped in the hand of one and sprinkled upon the forehead of the other, or whether the entire form of the one baptized disappeared for a moment beneath the surface of the flood, I do not now declare. While I cannot think without deep emotion of the fact that my parents held me in infancy to the baptismal font in the old meeting house at Somerville and assumed vows on my behalf, I must tell you now of another mode of baptism observed in the river Jordan on that afternoon in last December, the particulars of which I now for the first time relate.

It was a scene of unimaginable solemnity. A comrade in our Holy Land journey rode up by my side that day and told me that a young man who is now studying for the gospel ministry would like to be baptized by me in the river Jordan. I got all the facts I could concerning his earnestness and faith, and through personal examination made myself confident he was a worthy candidate. There were among our Arab attendants two robes not unlike those used for American baptistries, and these we obtained. As we were to have a large group of different nationalities present I dictated to my daughter a few verses and had copies enough made to allow all to sing. Our dragoman had a man familiar with the river wade through and across to show the depth and the swiftness of the stream and the most appropriate place for the ceremony. Then I read from the Bible the accounts of baptisms in that sacred stream, and implored the presence of the Christ on whose head the dove descended at the Jordan. Then as the candidate and myself stepped into the waters the people on the banks sang in full and resounding voice:

On Jordan's stormy banks I stand
And cast a wishful eye
To Canaan's fair and happy land,
Where my possessions lie.
Oh, the transporting, rapturous scene
That rises to my sight:
Sweet fields arrayed in living green
And rivers of delight.

By this time we had reached the middle of the river. As the candidate sank under the floods and rose again under a baptism in the name of the Father, and the Son, and the Holy Ghost, there rushed through our souls a tide of holy emotion such as we shall not probably feel again until we step into the Jordan that divides earth from heaven. Will those waters be deep? Will those tides be strong? No matter if Jesus steps in with us. Friends on this shore to help us off. Friends on the other shore to see us land. See! They are coming down the hills on the other side to greet us. How well we know their step! How easily we distinguish their voices! From bank to bank we hail them with tears and they hail us with palm branches. They say to us, "Is that you, father?" "Is that you, mother?" and we answer by asking, "Is that you, my darling?" How near they seem, and how narrow the stream that divides us!

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Facts and Figures.

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OH, MY BACK!

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SOON IT WILL BE TOO LATE.

I have been troubled many years with disease of the kidneys and have tried many different remedies and have sought aid from different physicians without relief. About the 15th of April I was suffering from a very violent attack that almost prostrated me in such a manner that I was bent over. When I sat down it was almost impossible for me to get up alone, or to put on my clothes, when kind Providence sent Dr. Henley, with the OREGON KIDNEY TEA, to my hotel. I immediately commenced using the tea. It had an almost miraculous effect, and to the astonishment of all the guests at the hotel, in a few days, I am happy to state, that I was a new man. I will recommend the tea to all afflicted as I have been.

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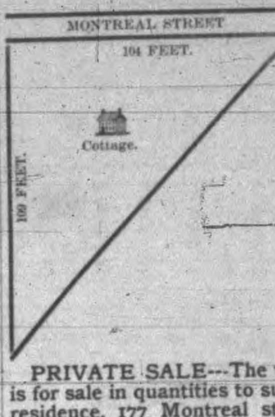

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THE VERY LATEST THINGS.

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Sep8

BEHIND CLOSED DOORS

BY ANNA KATHERINE GREEN.

"So ! so !"

"Now when did she fly?" the detective pursued. "Shortly after I saw her last. And how? On foot and quietly. The hall-boy saw her go out, and he says she had her little bag on her arm and looked decent and composed, not like a woman in a delirium, nor even like one who meditates any dreadful crime. But then, a boy's observation does not go for much and we will let it pass. What we will remember though is this, that she had a veil on which covered her face, and that this veil was brown, or at least of a very dark color. Two persons have told me so ; the boy, whose word as I say goes for little, and the chamber-maid who, though she did not see her go out, had had ample opportunity for observing her veil earlier in the afternoon, and whose word on such a subject does go for nothing. But, and mark the fact well for it seems to me important, the veil that was clinging to her dress when she was brought into Mrs. Olney's parlor was grey and decidedly light ; not the same one at all, according to description, which she wore when she went out of the hotel. What is the conclusion? That she stopped somewhere. Where? Another thing to find out. And now about the poison. I went through Twenty-second street very soon after leaving Mrs. Olney's last night, and in front of one of the houses between Fifth and Sixth avenues, I found a broken phial reeking with the smell of bitter almonds. So that part of his story is true. I have brought the bits of broken glass ; here they are."

The coroner looked at them curiously, smelled them and glanced up at Mr. Gryce.

"Well!" he suggested, in an inquiring tone ; he felt that the detective's silence meant something.

"Don't you notice anything peculiar about these pieces?"

"No ; to be frank, I don't."

"Poison that is bought at a drug-store usually has a label on the bottle."

"True."

"And this phial once had a label on it."

"I see."

"But it has been washed off, or rather rubbed off by a moistened hand. There are bits of it still remaining."

"I perceive them."

"What inference can we draw? That caution has been used. Now, caution is not an attribute of the suicide, whether that suicide was an intentional one or the result of a mistake."

"Humph."

"And then there is another thing that puzzles me. Dr. Molesworth declares he found her sitting on the steps. I looked at those steps ; there was a light snow lying on them, and this snow lay white and undisturbed as it would not have done if a woman had been sitting there. But then some little time had elapsed since he removed her from the spot and enough fresh snow may have fallen to cover up the traces which her skirts must have left behind her."

"Very possible."

"Only those skirts were not damp about the edges as they must have been if she had been sitting on a stoop under these circumstances. And this to my mind is good evidence that she did not sit there. I would sooner believe she had been carried down the stoop and placed in the phaeton without putting her foot to the ground ; only it happens to be General ——'s house, and the thing is impossible."

"But how could you know about her skirts, you did not go near her?"

"But Harrison did, the man you yourself sent there to investigate."

"And you have seen him since?"

"Five minutes after you did, sir."

The coroner laughed, he did not understand much zeal.

"I knew you would send for me," resumed Mr. Gryce, "and I wanted to have something to talk about."

"I see," said the coroner, "Well go on."

"I am almost at the end of my rope, only —did you wonder what had become of Miss Farley's bag?"

"I did not know she had any."

"The people at the hotel say she had, and here is the ocular proof of it." And Mr. Gryce produced from under his coat a small but neat hand bag of black leather, having on one side two ornamental steel letters, one of which was M. and the other F. "The initials of her name, you perceive."

The coroner nodded.

"You wonder where I got the bag. Why, in the most natural place in the world ; it was in the phaeton."

"Ah, the phaeton."

"When I went out of the house last night I found the vehicle standing where it had been left, in front of the steps ; and as according to the doctor's story it had been the real scene of death, I naturally thought you would wish to have a look at it. I accordingly took possession of it and not seeing what else I could do with it at that time of night, drove it into a stable near by. I expected every moment to be stopped by somebody and so forced to reveal my true character ; but circumstances favored me and I got off with my prize unmolested. You will find it in charge of an officee at 66 West —— Street."

"That is all right ; but what about the look you took? You never left that phaeton for me to examine first."

Mr. Gryce smiled grimly at the plain gold stud he wore as a cuff button. "I see you understand me." He then admitted apologetically, "'Twas dark and I did not find much. Still I found something ; the bag for instance."

The coroner looked at him with a doubtful air. Did he suspect for the first time that the detective was concealing something from him? If so, he said nothing and Mr. Gryce went on blandly.

"This bag may have stories to tell. Suppose you open it, sir."

The coroner nodded and did so. A number of toilet articles and some linen. All was fresh and neat.

"Nothing that is likely to help us," asserted the coroner. "No vestiges of poison, no letters, not even a scrap of writing of any kind."

Mr. Gryce did not commit himself.

"I would like to take an inventory of the articles," said he.

The coroner allowed him to do so and then inquired,

"What about witnesses! Have you seen the clerks at the drug store?"

"Yes, they have nothing to add to his story. He stopped there, came in as he said, told his fears and asked for assistance. One of them, Herbert Black by name, at once responded ; but before he could reach the door, the doctor came rushing back, and crying out, "It is too late, she is dead," led the way to the phaeton, where they saw the poor girl tumbled in a heap, white and lifeless. They were young men and did not know enough to take her by the hand and see if she were yet cold. They took the doctor's words for granted, knowing him so well, and feeling a natural indisposition to interfere in a matter at once so horrible and so delicate, only asked what they should do to help him. "I am going to take her straight home," he told them, and requested one of them to telephone to you and the other to run along at his side as far as the house. This latter duty fell to Mr. Black, and it was he who helped the doctor carry the poor girl in. That is all. I worked a half hour, but could get no more out of him."

"And the clergyman?"

"Has nothing to impart."

"And the driver? You surely have seen the driver, he whom he sent out of the way with a prescription to some patient or other?"

Mr. Gryce's brows knit.

"I have had but nine hours to work in," said he, "and one of them was thrown away on that boy. I set a watch for him in three places and succeeded in getting the first word from him. But he had only one story to tell and he told it doggedly. It was in strict accordance with that of Dr. Molesworth. He had been ordered to come to the C—— Hotel at a quarter past 8 to take Mr. Pease home after the expected ceremony. He had gone there on foot, Dr. Molesworth himself having driven Mr. Pease to the hotel, and finding the phaeton at the door, had waited beside it for the clergyman to come out. But before this could happen, the doctor reappeared, and declaring that matters had not gone as he wished, took his place in the phaeton and beckoned him in beside him ; after which they rode about the streets till the doctor suddenly stopped the horse somewhere near Union Square, and commanding him to get out gave him a slip of paper which he told him to take as quick as he could to Mr. Monroe in Seventy-third street. He obeyed him and had only just came back. This is what the boy said and all he would ; but I know as well as I know anything that he did not tell me truth ; for when I asked him what cars he took, he stared at me for a moment helplessly, then said, "The Madison avenue cars," which story he stuck to, but as one who is very much frightened sticks to the statement he knows is false but dares not abandon."

"I will make him tell the truth," asserted the coroner.

"It is to be hoped so. He is not dull but he is mighty obstinate and is to all appearance very much afraid of his master."

"I know the species ; I can manage him."

Mr. Gryce looked doubtful, but did not pursue the subject. On the contrary he remarked :

"I forgot to give you another point I have made. Molesworth says that after leaving the hotel he rode through the streets searching for his missing bride. Now, a person who searches, goes slowly, and when he finds what he seeks in the condition in which Miss Farley was found, he still goes slowly. But Dr. Molesworth's horse had been driven far and fast, as the state he was in when I drove him into the stable simply showed."

"A point? I should think so!"

"And that is not all. Seeing that the horse went a trifle lame, I examined his feet, and there, wedged between the hoof and the shoe of his right fore-foot I found a bit of gravel which I dare wager never came from the streets about Madison Square. As the horse was not lame enough for it to have been there long, I drew the inference that Miss Farley was searched for in other regions than those his story would lead you to surmise."

"Very likely."

"Dr. B——," Mr. Gryce now remarked, "I want time."

"Good!" was the reply, and how much?"

"Well, that I cannot tell. Maybe hours will answer and maybe I shall want days. There is all her past history to learn, and where she was on that short vacation to which the landlady alludes. If you want to get at the truth, postpone your inquest a little. I won't let the matter drag."

"I see ; Gryce is awake, and all because of a look."

"Less things than that have sent men to the gallows before now. Intricate locks have small keys."

"And you hope to open this one?"

Mr. Gryce's cuff-button flashed. It had received a glance which recalled the days when Mr. Gryce's glance meant something.

(To be continued.)

NEWS FROM NELSON.

Matters About Mines—Other Items Taken From the "Miner."

Work at the Poorman mine and mill was shut down last week, and there is now no one on the ground except a watchman. This course was rendered necessary by the scarcity of water in Eagle creek, not enough flowing through the ditch to run even a Burleigh drill, should one be placed in position.

Seventeen hundred inches of water have been applied for from Cottonwood Smith and Ward creeks, by four applicants. If these rights are all granted, there will not be water enough left in Ward creek to wet a sober man's whistle, and hardly enough in Cottonwood Smith creek to float a minnow.

M. C. Monaghan was in town on Monday from 49 creek. He stated that the bedrock cleaned up by the hydraulic company yielded good pay—better than the company expected. The trouble is, this late in the year there is not enough water in 49 creek for hydraulic purposes. Work will probably be suspended next week, and everything got in ship-shape for extensive operations in the spring.

It has been said, in a joking way, that the prospectors in the Trail Creek district carried only an axe and a lead pencil with which to uncover blind ledges and sink prospect holes. The following is a specimen of the lead pencil work, the names alone being fictitious.

B. C. May 5, 1890.

I now this day lokey this mineral claime and 70050 east and 70050 west and 300 Ft on each side Comstock the mine.

RICHARD ROE,
JOHN DOE.

At the Lakeview hotel, Nelson, on Monday last, John Petties died of pneumonia, after a few days illness. Deceased was interested in claims on Eagle creek and had been working for a grub-stake at the Skyline, where he got a severe cold that led to his death. He was buried in Nelson cemetery on Tuesday. Mr. Petties was a native of Texas, but the exact whereabouts of his relatives is not certain. Anyone able to give any information on the matter will please address to the Miner, Nelson, B.C.

On her Thursday trip the Galena failed for the first time this season, to bring in the mail from Bonner's Ferry. The stage from Kootenay station did not make connections. The people of the lake country can stand the annoyance of going without a mail for three days; but it will be hard lines on the incoming stage passengers to lay over four days at so dull a place as Bonner's Ferry.

The Davies-Sayward mill at Pilot Bay is cutting lumber. This makes the third sawmill in operation in the Kootenay Lake country, and there should be no scarcity of building material from this time on. The owners of the mill two miles south of Nelson, however, claim that they cannot, even now, cut lumber as fast as they can find sale for it.

In Hot Springs district, sinking on the Little Donald had to be suspended owing to a cave-in in the shaft. S. H. Northey, who brought in a pump and hoist with which to do the work, has sold the plant to Dr. Campbell, manager of the Revelstoke Mining Company, and it will be placed on the United. The owners of the Little Donald will, in the spring, sink a working shaft on the property, the old incline shaft, although down over 130 feet, being considered unsafe.

From 55 to 60 men are in the Trail Creek district, most of them intending to remain during the winter. The character of the ore is changing as depth is attained, galena taking the place of the refractory antimonial ores.

GAMIN AND LAWYER.

How a Chicago Attorney Acquired a Stock of Penny Papers.

"Do you know Attorney Van Buren?" asked one legal light of another the other evening, within hearing of a Chicago Mail reporter. "Yes? Well Van got it worked on him pretty nicely the other day. He's pretty smooth, you know; don't trust anybody unless he knows 'em, and watches them even he if he does.

"Well, Van came out of the county building yesterday about five o'clock and started down the street. A little rat of a newsboy ran across, held out a penny paper and vociferated: 'Paper, sir? Evening paper, five o'clock edition, all about the world's fair,' as he ran along beside the attorney.

"Van took a paper, dove down into his trousers for a penny: couldn't find one, and handed the boy a dime.

"'I ain't got no change, mister. You just wait here an' I'll get it for you in a second,' said the kid, and started off.

"'Here, you!' yelled Van. 'Come here. If you're going after the change you just give me your papers till you come back. I'm onto your curves, my lad. You can't do me.'

"The kid grinned, vowed innocence of any intention to defraud, and instantly forked over the bundle of papers.

"'All right, sir; you jest hold 'em till I come back,' he said, and skipped across the street.

"Van read his paper, absently holding the others under his arm, for about ten minutes. Then he looked around for the boy, but he hadn't returned. It gradually dawned on Van's mind that possibly the boy wasn't coming back, and he at once began investigating his securities. There were only eight papers in the lot besides the one he was reading. Van cast the eight wrathily into the gutter and walked away with a muttered expression which didn't reflect much credit on a lawyer who allowed himself to be done up so beautifully and perfectly by a gamin of the streets, even while he was taking unusual precautions to avoid that very end. They say Van is a perfect terror about the sufficiency of bonds in his practice since the event occurred."

Read these Lines.

1 to 2 bottles of B.B.B. will cure headache.

1 to 2 bottles of B.B.B. will cure billiousness.

1 to 4 bottles of B.B.B. will cure constipation.

1 to 4 bottles of B.B.B. will cure dyspepsia.

1 to 6 bottles of B.B.B. will cure bad blood.

1 to 6 bottles of B.B.B. will cure scrofula.

In any case relief will be had from the first few doses.

Large lines of new goods in furniture, carpets, glassware, etc., constantly arriving at John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Faber's Golden Female Pills.

For Female Irregularities; nothing like them on the market. Never fail. Successfully used by prominent ladies monthly. Guaranteed to relieve suppressed menstruation.

SURE! SAFE! CERTAIN!

Don't be humbugged. Save Time, Health, and money; take no other.

Sent to any address, secure by mail on receipt of price, $2.00. Address,

THE APHRO MEDICINE COMPANY,
Western Branch, Box 27, PORTLAND, OR.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, cor. Yates and Douglas streets, Sole Wholesale Agents fo Victoria. ap21vr-eod

British Columbia Milling & Mining Co., Limited

ASSESSMENT NO. 22.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN assessment of two cents per share has been levied upon the members of the above named Company, payable at the Company's office, No. 18 Langley street, Victoria, B.C., on or before the 15th day of December, 1890, from and after which day all certificates and shares, on which the said call shall then remain unpaid and unsatisfied, shall be deemed delinquent, subject to interest and costs, and will be dealt with according to law. By order of the Board.

GEO. A. SARGISON, Secretary.
Victoria, 28th October, 1890. oc29-td

SMOKE
KURTZ & CO.'S
CELEBRATED BRANDS OF
HAVANA CIGARS.
July18-tf

The Bandbox,
129 Douglas St., opposite City Hall,
New Fall Millinery. Stylish Dressmaking, good fit guaranteed. Stamping done to order.
oc3-1m MISSES WOOLRIDGE.

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
52 LANGLEY STREET.

A first class boarding house.
11 roomed house suitable for a boarding house.
Esquimalt Road property.
27 acres on Gordon Head Road,
14 acres on Gordon Head Road.
Farm of 178 acres on Somenos Lake.
290 acres on Pender Island.
100 acres on Saanich Road.
Lots in James Bay, Fernwood, Alfred, Henry and Collinson streets.

JUST ARRIVED IN the very best condition, a consignment of HOLLAND BULBS,
CONSISTING OF
HYACINTHS,
TULIPS,
NARCISSUS,
CROCUS,
SNOWDROPS,
Etc., Etc., Etc.
Also best lawn GRASS SEED for immediate sowing.
Send for price list of Bulbs, Trees, Shrubs, &c.
G. A. M'TAVISH,
INVERTAVISH NURSERY,
PARK ROAD VICTORIA

WING ON.
Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer.
Intelligence Bureau.
ALL KINDS OF CHINESE HELP FURNISHED.
20 Cormorant Street.
se30-1m

SHEEP FOR SALE.
1000 Head of Good Breeding Ewes
FOR SALE.
Apply to VAN VOLKENBURG & BROS., Victoria. oc9-dw tf

FOR SALE.
WOOD FOR EVERYBODY. Now is the time to lay in your fall and winter supply. Prices moderate according to quantity. A good supply of oak wood and bark on hand. All orders promptly filled if left at Scotch Bakery, Douglas St. Telephone 62.
au7-tf A. C. HOWE.

LICENSE NOTICES.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT AT THE next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I intend to apply for the transfer of the license of the Jubilee Saloon, 49 Johnson street, from Sprenger and Gaerdes to J. H. Gaerdes.

oc31-1m J. H. GAERDES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INtend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for the City of Victoria, for permission to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented liquors on the premises known as the Stelly House, situate on the south-west corner of Blanchard and Johnson streets in the said city of Victoria, British Columbia.

JOHN DROUT.
Dated this 31st day of Oct., 1890. oc31-1m

NOTICE.

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT AT the next meeting of the Bench of Licensing Magistrates of the City of Victoria, we will apply for a transfer of the license to sell wines and liquors by retail on the premises known as the Brown Jug Saloon and situate at the corner of Fort and Government streets, in said City of Victoria, held by Mrs. A. C. Conves, to the undersigned.

WILLIAM CROFT,
MICHAEL POWERS.
Victoria Oct. 21, 1890. oc21-1m

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT
AGENCY
Limited.
Thomas Allsop,
Henry S. Mason,
Cuyler A. Holland. } Directors.
HEAD OFFICE:
15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street, London, Eng.
The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.
Money to Loan on Mortgage
AT LOW RATES.
TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS
For Sale on Easy Terms.
je11d&w

S.S. HYAMS
ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

OPTICIAN, 27 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec29-1y

Medical Council
EXAMINATIONS.

The semi-annual examination of the B.C. Medical Council takes place in the City of Vancouver, beginning on the 4th day of November next. Full information can be obtained by applying to

G. L. MILNE,
Registrar and Secretary.
oc15-2w

H. G. WATERSON,
JOB PRINTER
Office over R. Jamieson's Book Store,
GOVERNMENT STREET. m17-6m

--: PRINTING :--
By Electric Motor Power.
JAS. A. COHEN,
38 FORT STREET,
Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing, inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.
Come and See the Electric Motor.
au17-1y

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
Broughton St., Victoria.

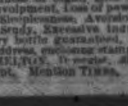
C. B. LOCKHART & CO.,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS,
Graduates of the United States College of Embalming.
PARLORS { Corner Broad Street and Trounce Ave.
TELEPHONE 498.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
au15

MEDICAL.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH
For sale by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria. nov18

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION
A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL Co., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria B.C. nov18y



Before. After.

ERRORS OF YOUNG AND OLD
Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, positively cured by Hazelton's Vitalizer. Also Nervous Debility, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Ambition, Stunted Development, Loss of power, Pains in the Back, Sleeplessness, Aversion to Society, Unfit for Study, Excessive Indulgence, etc., etc. Every bottle guaranteed. 20,000 sold yearly. Address, enclosing stamp for treatise, J. E. HAZELTON, Druggist, 308 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont. Mention TIMES.

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
--:-- FOR FAMILY USE, --:--
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO.,
ALBANY, OREGON.

SELLING OFF CHEAP.
On account of ill health I am selling a lot of new and second hand articles, comprising
Wagons, Wheelbarrows,
Buggies, Barrow Wheels,
Ploughs, Drills,
Harrows, Crow Bars,
Cultivators, Stone Cutters' Tools
Field Rollers, Jack Screws,
Lawn Rollers, Track Iron,
Miners' Picks.
And a large assortment of other Iron; a fine lot of Steel, Hardwood Lumber and numerous other articles.
9 Months Credit on Agricultural Implements.
WM. POWELL,
ONTARIO WAGON SHOP.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
Store street, Victoria, B. C.
Millers of China and Japan Rice
RICE MEAL,
Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.
jan7-1y

MUNICIPAL.

TO CONTRACTORS.

All Contractors or Sub Contractors who have not already paid their Trades License, are requested to do so before the 31st inst., otherwise summonses will be issued to enforce same.

CHAS. KENT,
Collector.
Victoria, Oct. 17, 1890. oc17-tf

MUNICIPAL.

Any Householder desiring to register their vote for the municipal elections under the 35th clause of the Municipalities Act, sub section C, can do so by filling up the necessary declaration papers, which will be furnished at the City Hall, and returning the same to the undersigned any time during the month of November, 1890.

W. W. NORTHCOTT,
oc28-1m Assessor.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE to WATER CONSUMERS

Notice is hereby given that all parties who are three months in arrears for water rates on the 30th day of November next will have their water supply from the city water works turned off.

By order of Committee.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, Oct. 30, 1890. oc30

Notice to Contractors.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO 4 o'clock p. m. on the 17th of December next, at the office of the undersigned for the Construction of Sewers for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C.

For particulars of plans and specifications, apply at the City Hall, Victoria, on or after the 15th day of November next ensuing.

Five per centum of the approximate amount of the work tendered for will be required to be deposited with a tender to ensure its consideration. This may be done either in Cash or by Certified Cheque on some Bank in British Columbia. All Cash or Certified Cheques to be returned to unsuccessful tenderers.

The lowest of any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's Office, C. M. C.
Victoria B. C., Sep. 29, 1890 oc1

MUNICIPAL.

SEALED TENDERS, ENDORSED "Tender for the Sewerage Loan Debentures," will be received at the office of the undersigned, on or before the 20th day of November next, at 4 p.m., for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, amounting to $300,000 issued under authority of the Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1890, the Municipal Act, 1889, and Amendment Act, 1890.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

Any information desired may be obtained upon application to the undersigned.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B.C., Sept. [illegible]
[illegible]

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for each insertion; and pro rata for more space or longer time.

WANTED—International Type Writer agents in every town in Canada. Geo. H. Grundy, Canadian Agent, 48 Front street E, Toronto. nov1-1t

WANTED—Good handy man to look after garden, cows and horses. Good wages. Address W.B.P., TIMES office. nov1-3t

WANTED—Room and board in private family for mother and daughter for the winter. Address Winter Boarders, TIMES office. oc31-3t

WANTED—A widow about 30 desires a situation as housekeeper, cook or help in a small family. Thoroughly understands housework; is a good cook; best of references. For particulars apply at 63 Yates street. oc31-1w

WANTED—Immediately, a respectable girl to take charge of children. Apply to Mrs. Monteith, Head street, Esquimalt road. oc28-4t

WANTED—A clergyman's daughter desires a re-engagement as daily governess to young children. Good testimonials. Address C.A. 79 Fort street. oc28-1w

WANTED—Woman to cook and take charge of house. Widow or elderly person preferred. Address Cook, TIMES office. oc27-1w

WANTED—A young man wishes a steady situation of any kind, willing to work and a good penman. Apply T.P. TIMES office. oc27-6t

WANTED—A young man or a young lady, who understands stenography and typewriting, who can assist in office work. Address with references, "Typewriter," box 664 city. oc25

WANTED—A Carpenter. Apply at the B.C. Pottery Co., Constance Cove Road. oc13

WANTED—Everybody to come and buy bargains at Hilbert's Boot and Shoe clearing sale, 74 Yates street. sep10 tf

TO LET.

TO LET—Furnished—A seven roomed house, hot water and bath. Apply at 52 Second street. nov1-3t

TO LET—New and nicely furnished rooms with or without fire, by day, week or month. Apply 53 Yates street. oc27-1m

TO LET—One furnished bedroom, 63 Superior street, James Bay, on car line. oc13-tf

TO LET—A pleasantly situated Front Room; also day and private board by the meal, day or week. For particulars apply to No. 8 Humboldt street, 3 minutes walk from Post Office. oc8-3w

FURNISHED ROOMS—To Let by the day, week or month; corner of Johnson and Blanchard Streets. JOHN DROUT. oc7-1m

TO LET—New modern houses built for warmth and comfort; will be let by month or on lease to reliable parties; location best in the city. Inquire of J. A. Lawrence, 46 Government street. sept18-tf

TO LET—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 153 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. apl8-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A new half decked sailing yacht 30x7' 9"x4' 9". Suitable for fishing. Price $350. Apply 44 Carr street, city. oc30-4t

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—At Naval Ball held in Sail Loft, Dock yard, Esquimalt on Friday evening, a ladies small brooch set with pearls and diamonds in shape of flowers and leaves. Anyone finding the same and leaving it at this office will be rewarded. nov1-1w

ARCHITECTS.

EDWD. McCOSKRIE & Co.,
ARCHITECTS AND BUILDING SUPERINTENDENTS,
Belmont Co. Block, Yates street, Victoria, B. C. P.O. box 41. se23-tf

HOOPER & GODDARD
ARCHITECTS.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

P. H. DONOVAN,
ARCHITECT.
Office, Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap2tf

T. B. NORGATE,
ARCHITECT
and Mechanical Engineer. Drawings for Patent Office. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria B. C. m20tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK,
Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Soc. C.E.
MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.
Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District.
Address P. O. Box 346, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake B. C. ja29

G. HARGREAVES,
CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX,
CIVIL ENGINEERS
And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyors. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (upstairs), Government street. P.O. Box 358. Branch office in Seattle. feb7-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths; Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated, Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 81.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. aug23-1y

THOMAS LANCASTER,
SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Orders may be left at Demers and Son, Grocers, corner Douglas and Pandora streets; Mr. Foo, corner North Park and Quadra streets; Mr. Nathan, Spring Ridge; Mr. Moffatt, corner Fort and Blanchard streets. au18-tf

SOCIETIES.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy3 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY. jel-1y Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. R. J. PLUMMER. oc19 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

PHYSICIANS.

HOMŒPATHIC REMOVAL.
DR. J. HALL
Will leave his rooms on Pandora street on Monday, December 2nd, for the new brick block corner of Yates and Douglas streets, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p.m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov27

J. K. GARROW, M. D.
(Lately attending Guy's Hospital, London, and Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.) Specialties: Diseases of Women and Children and Chronic Diseases. Office and residence, corner of Douglas and Yates streets, over Cochrane & Munn's drug store. Office hours:—9 to 11 a.m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8:30 p.m. Calls in city or country promptly attended to. nov9-3m

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOLS OF PRACTICAL, CIVIL, MEchanical, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Draughting, Architecture, Assaying and Navigation. 170 Second street, Portland, Or., and 723 Market street, San Francisco, Cal. Established 1864. A. VANDER NAILLEN, Pres. Send for circular. sept5-1yr

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $500,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent.
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan3-1y

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

An Undivided three-fifths Interest in Suburban Lot No. xxxviii, Esquimalt District.

WHEREAS THE CERTIFICATE OF TItle of Frederick L. Castle of San Francisco, California, to a three-fifths interest in suburban lot number 38, Esquimalt District, bearing date the 2nd day of July 1863, has been lost and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate. Notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month of the date hereof.

H. DALLAS HELMCKEN,
Acting Registarar General.
Land Registry Office,
Victoria October 14th 1890.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Lot 459, Victoria City.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above hereditaments will be issued to William John Macdonald on the 18th day of January, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest therein, or any part thereof.

H. DALLAS HELMCKEN,
Acting Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office,
Victoria, Oct. 15, 1890. oc15-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

An undivided fifth of Suburban Lot No. xxxviii, also Subdivision Lot No. 15 of Suburban Lot xlv and xxxvii, and Sections lxi and lxii Esquimalt District.

CERTIFICATES OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above property will be issued to Thomas Atkins on the 4th day of January, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the Registrar-General, in writing, by some person claiming an estate, or interest in said property or some part thereof,

H. DALLAS HELMCKEN,
Acting Registrar-General.
Land Registry office,
Victoria 27th Sept. 1890. oc14-1m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

An Undivided One-Fifth of Suburban Lot No. xxxviii, Esquimalt District.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above will be issued to Charles Hayward, on the 28th day of January, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or any part thereof.

CHAS. JAS. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry office, Victoria,
20th October, 1890. oc22-3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 30 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a timber cutting license of Valdez Island, about 1½ miles east of Granite Point:—Commencing at a stake about ½ a mile from salt water; thence running north 5 chains; thence east 20 chains; thence north 10 chains; thence east 20 chains; thence north 10 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence north 10 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 160 chains; thence north 20 chains, more or less, to point of commencement.

J. A. SAYWARD.
September 19, 1890. oc31-1m

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT "THE BRITISH Columbian Investment and Loan Society Limited," will, after the expiration of three months from the date hereof, apply to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to have its name changed to "The British Columbia Deposit and Loan Company, Limited."

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Bastion street, Victoria.
Dated the 27th day of Aug. A.D. 1890. au28-3m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT MR. R. H. Tyrwhitt Drake, Barrister-at-Law was on 1st August last admitted as a partner in the firm of Drake, Jackson and Helmcken which will hereafter as heretofore be carried on under the firm name of

DRAKE, JACKSON AND HELMCKEN.
Dated 13th October 1890. oc13-1m

TO MILL MEN.

MR. JOHN INGLIS, SEN., OF INGLIS & Son, manufacturers of the Corliss engine, boilers, marine and stationary engines, mill machinery, of Toronto, Ont., is at the Driard. During his stay in the city of a few days he will be pleased to meet all parties requiring information about the above and to give estimates, etc. oc27

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THE DAILY TIMES

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Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
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THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

THE JINGOES AND McKINLEYISM.

If the Imperial Federationists of Canada are wise they will proceed to accomplish their mission without reference to the McKinley bill. Is not the Canadian branch of the Imperial Federation League aware that the "red bandanna" beat CLEVELAND in the last presidential election, and for the reason solely that it was manfactured in England? If the Canadian Imperial Federationists desire to perpetuate McKinleyism, all they have to do is to make it the excuse for the consolidation of Great Britain and her Colonies and the thing is done. Imperial Federation, under the conditions proposed by the Imperial Federationists of Canada, would very probably be construed as a menace, and what with the inflammable material of a certain proportion of the people of the United States, war with England would be inevitable. Canadian Tories have a perfect right to criticise the McKinley bill if in the face of Fosterism they have the conscience to do so, but when they talk of forming a coalition with the avowed object of forcing the Americans to adopt a certain fiscal policy, they virtually declare war, they give the American jingoes the color of an excuse for their radical measures.

It is not unlikely that the United States, under any circumstances, would view Imperial Federation with alarm. The strengthening of Imperialism and consequently Toryism, which has never been friendly to the States, in Canada, would have the same effect on the American mind as the setting up of a foreign potentate in Mexico, and a universal demand for the enforcement of the MUNROE doctrine would result. However much the people of the United States may disagree among themselves they are practically a unit in their foreign policy. Had the Southern States won their independence through the intervention of England and France, the subsequent outcome would have been none the less disastrous to France and possibly Canada would have been wrested from England. The instinct of self-preservation, the very fact that the disintegration of the union had been accomplished by the aid of these powers must have united the North and South in a common foreign policy and both Mexico and Canada would have been the scene of the shock of contending armies. That the Confederacy regarded the occupation of Mexico by the French a menace, and that they contemplated the conquest of that country as soon as they should accomplished their independence, is attested in the fact that just previous to the fall of Richmond, and during the progress, of negotiations looking to peace, the South proposed the conquest of Mexico. Straws such as these indicate the temper of the States in the matter of foreign policy. It is almost certain that the United States would regard Imperial Federation with alarm, and especially in the event of its consummation on the lines proposed by the Canadian Imperial Federation League. But there is another phase of the matter which Canadian jingoes should bear in mind. There is not a country in Europe that can afford to discriminate against American breadstuffs and their cognates. An impost on American food products would but simply add to the distress of the working classes, and in no sense inflict serious damage to the American producer. American food products figure so largely in the food consumption of Europe that any measure calculated to check their exportation would result in scarcity, and the cost of living would be perceptibly increased throughout the entire civilized world. The withdrawal of American wheat and the American hog from the European markets would send the prices of food products up with a bound. Europe cannot with safety retaliate against the United States, and we may, presume that American politicians fully considered this feature of the case in judging the collateral effect abroad of the McKinley bill. But in respect of Canadian hostility to the McKinley bill, how is it, we ask, that none but Tories, supporters of National Policy, are talking of retaliation? How does it come to pass, we should like to know, that those who squeal loudest in protest of National Policy in the States are rank supporters of National Policy for Canada? Will the Colonist answer this question? Will the News, and the Telegram attempt an elucidation of the mystery? Will the Gazette and the Empire vouchsafe to throw a little light on the subject? Why do the supporters of National Policy make such wry faces at being compelled to take a dose of their own medicine? The animus of the McKINLEY bill is perfectly clear to us. We apprehend it as distinctly as if it was openly avowed; we deplore it, nay would curse it if it would do any good, but we do insist, at the same time that none but Canadian Liberals and free trade England have the right to protest against it. We do not say that National Policy inspired McKinleyism, but we feel morally certain that the FOSTER tariff is responsible for the refusal of the United States to entertain the SHERMAN resolution for reciprocity. Now we say to the Tories, go ahead. If by subsidizing steamers, the money for which must come out of the pockets of Canadian producers, you can secure markets for Canadian products in Spain, Jamaica, China, Australia, China and Ashantee, why, go ahead and subsidize them. It strikes us, however, that a policy of this kind in the interest of the red parlor congress is penny wise and pound foolish. Taxing the people that they may secure cheap transportation is too anomalous a proceeding to succeed. It is not business.

JOSEPH COOK AND LABOR.

JOSEPH COOK last night delivered an instructive lecture on the leading question of the day—Labor—to a large and appreciative audience. We must observe in this connection, however, that the class of labor for whose enlightment the lecture was chiefly intended was distinguished by its abscence. Manual labor was not out in force; there were no prominent politicians present, save the Premier; employers in other words, capital, were not as numerous as the occasion certainly warranted. The bulk of the audience consisted of the middle class, persons neither rich or poor, the class of society which is most honest and which prevents nations from going to smash when great crises arise. This was the class of labor which listened to JOSEPH Cook last night. Manual labor, probably, was too tired to attend; politicians and capitalists were too busy hatching fresh schemes of development to listen to words of warning and of advice. Without disparagement to either the qualities of the lecture or the great honest middle class, we confess that if we were a lecturer of the school of Mr. COOK we should take on a considerable degree of disgust. If we could not command the interest of the two extremes of society, manual labor and capital, we should grow misanthrophic, or at the least feel inclined to shake the dust, of all sense of duty to our fellows, off our feet. We are aware that this is not the kind of stuff of which reformers are made, but if in discussing a question of this sort, labor will not listen for the reason that they prefer to play "PEDRO," nor yet money changers lend an ear for fear, perhaps, of having their consciences pricked, there seems scarcely need to discuss it at all. When the crisis comes the middle classes will interfere and set things to rights anyhow. As to absenteeism in respect to a discussion of this kind, we can, however, excuse capital with a better conscience than we can labor. The former for obvious reasons is better acquainted with the situation. Capitalists, from the very nature of their relations to society, the means and the leisure at their command, cannot help but be tolerably well acquainted with the trend of things and their causes, and hence is not especially in need of enlightenment at the hands of a lecturer. But in the case of labor we may not presume that they have studied the righting of their grievances with a due regard for the equities. It is inevitable of their condition that they should have given more time to the acquisition of mere bread and butter than to the study of political economy. Furthermore, allowing that they are constant readers of the newspapers, are the frequenters of public libraries, which they are not, there is nevertheless profit in lectures; a lecture is the concentrated essence of a given idea, and from such a source labor can sometimes learn more in an hour than in a year of delving through books. We confess that the apathy of labor in certain directions surprises us. Laborers ought to feel, now that they have the suffrage, that they cannot acquaint themselves too thoroughly of public affairs. A responsibility is resting on their shoulders. The destiny of the country is in their hands. Will they prove themselves worthy of the responsibility of manhood suffrage, or will they use it as a bauble, and in the twentieth century proceed to confirm the prediction of MACAULAY.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Colonist quotes Mr. SWORD as having said that he had no faith in the leader of the Opposition or in his followers. This is bad, but in his estimate of the Premier and the Attorney-General we have something worse. At Chilliwhack Mr. SWORD is reported to have said that he had "little or no respect for JOHN ROBSON," and "still less for the Attorney-General." Which of the two men is hit the hardest?

For the walking costume in Paris all sorts of rather thick hairy cloths are the fashion, principally rendered in fawns, greys and the new terra cotta shades. Some are self-colored, others plaid, checked or striped, and others again figured with simple patterns, such as spots, lozenges, crescents and the like. Scotch tweeds and cheviots maintain their supremacy, and tartans have still a place in the fashionable programme, though they are far from holding the position they did last year.

Church service is now supplied to the public by telephone in Birmingham, England. Transmitters are set up in the church, so that the subscribers to the telephone can hear the service and the sermon at their private residence if desired. At the end of the choir stalls, on the top of the lectern and the reading desk of the pulpit the small metallic-cased transmitters are placed, and they are so regulated that the sound is gathered in without requiring the voice to be directed especially to them.

An ingenious device has been designed for the German navy, by which the officer of the watch can instantly inform himself if the orders given to the engineers and helmsmen have been understood and obeyed. The apparatus which consists of a dial bearing indications relative to the speed and handling of the ship, is placed upon the bridge and the orders are transmitted telegraphically to the engineer, who by the execution of them causes the hand upon the dial to point successively to the indications of the movements which have been made. A similar arrangement puts the officer in communication with the helmsman.

At a great chrysanthemum exhibition to be held in San Francisco on the 5th of this month the votes of all visitors are to be taken on what flower shall be the emblematic flower of California. It is expected that the people of the State generally will acquiesce in the decision arrived at. The Eschscholtza Californica appears thus far to be the favorite with the public, but the Eschscholotza is a poppy, and opium has been extracted from it. Therefore, the San Francisco Call asks, "Can we reconcile it to our conscience to adopt it as a state flower?" and suggests that a tree be chosen instead. The idea is a good one. The sequora gigantea is all over the world regarded as California's greatest wonder, and besides fame unites magnitude and longevity to its attributes. Besides as a bear is already the emblem of the state, the tree would combine with it admirably. A bear three hundred feet up the tree and still climbing for greater heights would convey a greater signification than any emblem yet adopted in the United States.

Cable advices represent France as having consented to negotiate for the surrender of her fishing privileges on on the coast of Newfoundland. She is said to ask by way of compensation territory in West Africa, and England is represented as offering a money compensation. France will do well to act while she has any real rights to sell; otherwise the decline of her fishery on the coast of Newfoundland foreshadows an ending similar to that of the right Spain once enjoyed in those waters; and if she does not sell now, it is likely that before many years her Newfoundland fishery would die a natural death. The rights of Spain in this fishery were at one time less restricted than those of France are to-day, or have at any time been, though she had none on the shore. They were acknowledged by the Treaty of Utrecht, subject to the ability of the Guipuscoans to make good their claim; but the Treaty of Madrid, 1721, the right to fish for cod was extended to "the seas of Newfoundland," without exception or restriction. So completely have Spaniards ceased to fish in these waters, that the fact of their ever having had the right to do so is now almost universally forgotten. At one time, the French fishing vessels in the Newfoundland waters were counted by hundreds; to-day they number less than the fingers on two hands. Verily the French will do well to sell out before they drop out by the force of natural law.

In Knowledge of this month Dr. McPHERSON describes a contrivance devised by Mr. JOHN AITKEN for approximately counting the dust particles in a given volume of air. Thus the bright motes dancing in the sunbeam, hitherto assumed to be beyond the power of computation, are brought within the range of human calculation. Mr. AITKEN's processes confirm the accepted inference that without dust there could be neither fogs, mist, nor rain. If two glass receivers, the one filled with common air and the other with filtered air, be placed alongside each other, and a jet of steam introduced, the first will become dense with fog, while the other will remain clear. The conclusion arrived at is that the particles, though invisible, being free surfaces, attract the cooling vapor, and in the shape of fog, assume a visible existence. By making a mixture of ordinary and filtered air and then introducing a jet of steam, Mr. AITKEN produced a shower of mist particles, which he counted as they fell on a prepared silver surface. An average being obtained, he estimated each cubic inch of air to contain 1,000,000 particles. In the air of Glasgow he found 7,000,000, and in that of Edinburgh 4,000,000. Above a Bunsen gas jet he found 489,000,000 of particles, and in the air collected on a mountain side a large amount of cosmic dust.

A QUERY.

TO THE EDITOR:—While Mr. Joseph Cook was in the most moving and effective part of his lecture last evening, viz: the up raising of the vast continent of humanity and the education of the masses, and when he was in the midst of a splendid and pathetic peroration, something beside me, hearing the words "before I part," got up and dragged its body across mine, notwithstanding the fact that I happened to be writing at the time. The something was part of that class of humanity who will spoil the last scene in an act, or the closing chorus in an opera, in their precipitate desire to get out first. Why should apparently respectable people display such gross ill-breeding for the sake of five minutes extra?

ENQUIRER.

COLLIDED WITH A SCHOONER.

A Spanish Steamer Sinks off Barnegat on Friday.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—The steamer Humboldt which arrived here yesterday from Brazil reports that she picked up some of the crew of the Spanish steamer Viszcaya which left New York yesterday and which was sunk last night off Barnegat by some unknown vessel with which she was in collision. The Humboldt reports the schooner was not sunk, but nothing is known of her captain and crew. The Humboldt rescued three officers and eight of the crew of the steamer and it is supposed that the rest of the crew and the passengers, some 60 or 70 persons all told, are lost. When the steamer left here yesterday she had 77 people on board, including the passengers and crew, and only twelve are saved. The captain of the Viszcaya was Francisco C. Unhill, and one of the most experienced officers of the company. The first officer, Felipi Hazas, the second officer, Francisco Cavas, the third officer's name is unknown. The purser was Senor Deza, the doctor Valdez Rico, chief engineer Francisco Serra and the second engineer Asuezala. The vessel was a staunch, seaworthy one and had been entirely renovated and new cabins placed in her, and was comparatively new throughout. The captain and all the passengers went down and all the others lost were of the crew. Of the schooner's crew it is thought all were lost but the first who got off in the ship's boats. The total number drowned may be over 57. J. M. Ceballer & Co., of 80 Wall street, the agents, say that their steamer carried about 15 passengers. Juan Pedro, a partner in the Ceballer firm, and one of the owners of the vessel, was among the lost.

OCTOBER OCCURRENCES.

Some Local Statistics for the Past Month—Increase in Revenue.

The reports from heads of different departments, municipal and otherwise, for the past month, show that business is good, crime and death rate decreasing, and that a healthy tone prevails in spite of the near approach of winter.

CUSTOMS RETURNS.

Duties	$82,049 07
Fines and seizures	4,850 00
Chinese Rev	2,827 00
Petroleum Ins.	159 40
Animal Ins.	131 72
Steamboat Ins.	124 16
Sick Mariners' Fund	31 74
Warehouse Fees	20 00
	$90,193 09

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

The imports for the month were valued at $262,338; of this sum $37,711 was the value of non-dutiable goods.

In exports totalled up $505,652; of this sum $7,473 is the value of goods not the product of Canada.

POLICE RECORDS.

During the month 64 drunks have been locked up in the city cells. One arrest was made for assault upon a police officer, one for obtaining money under false pretences, one for burglary, one for supplying intoxicants to Indians, one for deserting from the navy, and one for enticing to desert. The larceny cases numbered six, three Indians were found with intoxicants in their possession, two men were arrested on suspicion of horse poisoning, and one was charged with being in possession of stolen goods. The total arrests were 91. Four people were detained at the cells for safe keeping, charged with being of unsound mind, and three were given a night's lodging. One of the former died in the cells.

There have been twelve cases in the provincial police court during October, composed in great part of Indians.

DEATHS AND MARRIAGES.

The number of licenses to wed issued for the month were 14, and the number of interments at the cemetery were 21.

INLAND REVENUE.

The inland revenue returns for the district of Victoria for October were:

Spirits	$7,200 28
Malt	912 39
Tobacco	1,747 60
Cigars	837 15
Petroleum Ins	159 47
Total	$10,856 92

FIRE MATTERS.

The fire record for the month shows two alarms, one was caused by the burning of Mr. Goffin's house at James Bay, the other was the crossing of electric wires during a storm. One fire in a Chinese wash house was put out without an alarm.

COAL SHIPMENTS.

During the month of October the following coal shipments were made from the coal mines:

Point.	Tons.
Nanaimo	35,960
Wellington	3,185
East Wellington	3,416
Comox, Union Mines	4,400
Total	46,961

PUBLIC LIBRARY.

City Librarian McGregor has kindly furnished a record of the books lent from the institution during October. It is pleasing to note that the number is large, and shows that the free library is appreciated. The returns are as follows:

Total books lent	2,108
To Ladies	971
To Gentlemen	1,137
Daily average	100
Highest in one day	134
New cards issued	90
Ladies	31
Gentlemen	59

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

W. C. Anderson is still in a weak condition.

J. L. Beckwith and wife arrived home last evening.

Mr. R. P. Rithet leaves to-night for San Francisco.

Dr. Quinlan and bride returned from California last evening.

F. C. Gamble, government engineer, came over last evening.

Colonel Howard was a passenger on this morning's train for Nanaimo.

A. J. McLellan and wife have returned from a trip to the Atlantic coast.

C. F. Clapp and C. E. Mallette were inward passengers by the Kingston last evening.

H. V. Edmonds, of New Westminster, and W. P. Bell and wife, of Snohomish, are in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Edmonds arrived down from New Westminster last evening and are stopping at the Driard.

E. Hattersley, who broke his ankle some time ago in a hole in the sidewalk, is able to be about on crutches.

Jas. Montgomery, who has been ill for some weeks in St. Joseph's has recovered sufficiently to leave the institution.

Miss Langford, sister-in-law of Capt. Lewis, and Mr. and Mrs. Fellowes, for a long time residents this city, are to leave soon for England.

Joseph Cook, the Boston lecturer, and Mrs. Cook, were passengers from the Sound last evening. They drove round the city and suburbs to-day, and visited the leading places of interest.

Mr. D. McRae, provincial timber inspector, who has been seriously ill at Vancouver for about three weeks, from an attack of inflammation, is somewhat better, and hopes are now entertained for his speedy recovery.

BRIEF LOCALS.

The Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Try our British Columbia Honey. R. H. Jameson. *

Oyster cocktails at the Pritchard are the thing for this weather. oct27-1w

Steamer City of Kingston will to-night take out a carload of tin plate for Seattle.

W. T. Drake has removed his coal office to near James Bay Bridge. *

The Jubilee Range is sold only by McLennan & McFeely, 70 Yates street. *

An inventory of the Seattle fire department shows that its value is over $187,000.

For the best oyster cock-tail in the city go to the Delmonico Restaurant sample room. 1w

If you want to get bargains in shoes, come while the stock is assorted at 74 Yates street. tf

A workman at Gray's factory lost a couple of fingers last evening by getting them into the machinery.

Don't fail to attend the clearing sale of boots and shoes at Hilbert's 74 Yates street. tf

The finest selection of linoleums from 75 cents per yard up, is at Lockhart & Co.'s, Douglas street. *

Two special constables were sent up to Wellington to-day to take the place of two who are leaving.

Gum Boots, Rubbers, Arctics, &c., for everybody, at Erskine's, 132 Government street, corner Johnson.

Hon. C. E. and Mrs. Pooley will entertain a number of friends at a social party to given at their residence on the evening of the 5th.

Hilbert's boot and shoe stock at 74 Yates street must be sold regardless of cost. tf

"Mackinleyed" is the latest word added to the extensive vocabulary of Americanisms. The word indicates when anything is overcharged for.

Upholstery that has no equal in the city, at Lockhart & Co.'s, Douglas St., opposite the Clarence. *

The Victoria Building Society held its sixteenth drawing for an appropriation last evening. No. 154, held by C. E. Renouf, was successful, $4,000 being drawn.

Five frame body Brussels carpets for $1.25 per yard, sewed and laid, at Lockhart & Co.'s, Douglas street. *

James Bell, a well-known oldtimer who was reported missing some time ago, has turned up all right near Langley. He had not gone to Chilliwhack direct as it was expected he would do.

Lockhart & Co., Douglas street, are selling sideboards, bedroom suits, etc., at a slight advance on cost, before removing to Government street. *

Officer Irvine smelt whiskey this afternoon, and following up the scent he found the cause to repose in one of the pockets of Jim, a Fort Rupert Indian. Jim and the whiskey are in the police lock-up for the Sabbath and will not attend church to-morrow.

Mr. F. W. Van has just newly furnished, in first-class style, a number of front rooms in the building, corner Yates and Broad streets, which are to be let by day, week or month. Prices, $2.50 to $7.00 per week. Entrance 63 Yates street. oct27-1w

A Severe Attack.

I never felt better in my life than since I used Burdock Blood Bitters. I had a severe billious attack, I could not eat for days and was unable to work. One bottle cured me. For bilious ills use B.B.B. John M. Richards, Tara, Ont. *

Lamps in great variety at McLennan & McFeely's. *

An immense assortment of Kensington Art Squares, all sizes, just received by John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowen brau at the Bank Exchange. *

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

IN FAVOR OF VICTORIA.

Seattle Tacoma and other Cities Slighted.

On account of the large amount of special work for which special lenses are being ground in the east, Mr. Seward the eminent New York expert optician has been compelled to remain in Victoria longer than he anticipated. The original plan to stop at Seattle, Tacoma and other principal cities has been abandoned on account of the large amount of work already accomplished and now on hand in Victoria. Mr. Seward has decided to go to New York direct on leaving this city which will be in a few weeks. He will probably spend the last half of the winter at St. Augustine, Florida, and may not reach this coast again for several years, consequently if your eyesight troubles you in any way take advantage of this one opportunity to call and have your eyes examined and if necessary have correct glasses adjusted.

Mr. Seward's work is endorsed by the leading physicians and oculists throughout the entire country, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, from the Great Lakes to the Gulf. Several letters from the most prominent physicians of Victoria are now on file at the office for the inspection of the public.

Office corner of Yates and Douglas streets, over Cochrane & Munn's drug store. Office hours—9 a.m. until 5 p.m.; evening hour, 6:30 to 7:30 p.m. *

A PREVAILING VICE.

Some of the Dangers of Self-Doctoring in Epidemics.

Self-doctoring is always dangerous, except for the simplest ailments. Few persons understand the significance of their symptoms; the difficulty of doing so is greatly increased by the complex nature of most diseases, and the modification of treatment demanded by individual temperament and hereditary tendencies. Even if the patient knows what ails him, he is not likely to know the remedy, the size and frequency of the dose, and the proper regulation of the diet in connection with it.

How profound is the general ignorance upon this subject is shown by the enormous consumption of quack medicines. Multitudes of people try one nostrum after another in utter blindness. If all such compounds were thrown into the sea, it would save every year millions of dollars and thousands of lives.

During the prevalence of a widespread epidemic, self-doctoring becomes peculiarly perilous. Fear is in the air, and is more contagious than small-pox itself. Under its influence men fly to drugs, either to ward off the dreaded attack, or to cure a disease which very likely exists only in the patient's excited imagination. The impaired condition of the system under this ill-advised dosing invites the very attack which the dosing was intended to avert.

The newspapers announce that a particular drug is being employed by distinguished physicians; it is extensively advertised, and a credulous public makes haste to procure it. In many such cases the drug in question is merely being experimented with cautiously by the physicians, and likely enough, when they come to compare notes with each other afterward, it is discarded altogether. It may meet one symptom of the disease, but on the whole prove to be attended with great danger.

Again, in most epidemics, there are various types of the prevailing disease. This was eminently true of the late influenza. In many cases the special seat of it was the lungs and air passage; in others, the brain; in a third class, the digestive tract. Of course the remedy needed to be adapted to the particular type. Further, it needed to be adapted to the stage of the disease. A prescription appropriate to the fever stage might be very harmful in the later stage of marked depression.

But the people took no cognizance of these fundamental facts. One of the drugs most in use was quinine—an effective remedy in its place, but a perilous one out of its place. Though its first effect is to stimulate, its later effect is greatly to depress. Nothing could be more hazardous than to administer it in the later stage of so depressing a disease as influenza. A writer in the Medical Advance believes that nearly all the more dangerous symptoms in this epidemic were due to the indiscriminate use of quinine.

The Queen Pays All Expenses.

The Queen's last "Free Trip to Europe" having excited such universal interest, the publishers of that popular magazine offer another and $200 extra for expenses, to the person sending the largest list of English words constructed from letters contained in the words "British North America." Additional prizes, consisting of Silver Tea Sets, China Dinner Sets, Gold Watches, French Music Boxes, Portiere Curtains, Silk Dresses, Mantel Clocks, and many other useful and valuable articles will also be awarded in order of merit. A special prize of a Seal Skin Jacket to the lady, and a handsome Shetland Pony to the girl or boy (delivered free in Canada or United States), sending largest lists. Everyone sending a list of not less than twenty words will receive a present. Send four 3c. stamps for complete rules, illustrated catalogue of prizes, and sample number of the Queen.

Address, The Canadian Queen, Toronto, Canada. au29-dw2m

Stationery at Daley's.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar. *

You should secure a lot in Fernwood. Beautiful residential property. Enquire of the leading estate agents. *

An Ottawa special says:—A case will come before the Bishop's consistory in a day or two in which a local clergyman is charged with forgery. The respondent appears to have signed another's name to a bill, and on learning the supposed signer would not father it, to have paid the amount in cash. There is a strong feeling in favor of the clergyman, who only did the rash act in a moment of thoughtlessness and pressure. It is probable that he will be mildly censured by the court, but nothing more. He is much esteemed by the congregation.

A London weekly says that Annie Besant is the most eloquent woman in all England. She is not young nor pretty; she hasn't any taste, any money or any reputation, but she is better than the whole London police force or the House of Lords where there is a mob to be controlled. Her face is red, her hair is short and gray, her eyes are sad and sunken, the grace of her figure has disappeared, and she is a lonely, disappointed and discontented old-young woman, but as fierce a socialist as our own John Most.

Health and Exercise.

The fact that wrong is in many cases a mere expression of excess in what was right finds numerous illustrations. Most vices, indeed, can on this ground claim a highly respectable ancestry. The value of exertion, again, in its various forms (whether associated with work or play) has doubtless ever been, as it still is, discounted by the same inherent risk. Thus it is that we find even so great a boon as physical exercise becomes in many minds, and not unreasonably, the subject of conflicting doubts. It has been overdone; the recreative mean has been passed and the resulting exhaustion can find no solace but in rest.

On the Same Day.

"I picked up a bit of information the other day," said a hotel clerk, "that I hadn't thought of before. A couple of men were talking in the office, when one asked on what day of the week Christmas will be this year. 'Let's see,' replied the other, 'I was married on the first day of May, that was Wednesday. Christmas will come on Wednesday.' That struck me forcibly, and when I got a little leisure I gathered up a lot of old calendars and investigated it. I found that it is true that the first day of May and Christmas of the same year occur on the same day of the week."

The Cause of Death.

People are laughing at a doctor in a little village in Pennsylvania who, in filling out a certificate of death, inadvertently wrote his own name in the blank space reserved for "cause of death."

Baby Buggies, the finest and largest assortment in the city at low prices, from $9.50 up, at J. Sehl's 66 Government street.

Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161, New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

This space reserved
for the
ARGYLE HOUSE,
WM. O'REILLY & CO.

MISS McADAM,
—WILL RECEIVE PUPILS IN—
Cooking, Needlework, and Leatherwork.
Particulars at Philharmonic Hall from 10 to 12 a.m. oc25-1w

If You Don't See What You Want, Ask for it.
ROWBOTHAM
THE GROCER,
cannot possibly show one-half the goods he has.
Corner Yates and Broad streets.
P.O. BOX 476. TELEPHONE 108.
jly7-6m

TO LEASE.
PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED UNTIL Saturday, the 8th November, 1890, for leasing the property on the north east corner of Fort and Broad streets in this city, known as the "Bee-hive" Saloon, with the building on Fort street adjoining thereto for a term of five years. Proposals to be endorsed "Lease Beehive Property," and addressed "Secretary Victoria Lodge, No. 1, "I.O.O.F., Box 481, Victoria, B.C.
The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. oc28

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
DR. W. RENWICK,
RESIDENCE NO. 30 HILLSIDE AVE.
OFFICE NO. 79 FORT STREET.
Office Hours 10 to 12 a.m., 7 to 8 p.m.
oc25-1m

A LIMITED SUPPLY
—OF—
Fine Heating Stoves
Among which may be seen a nice assortment of
BASE BURNING STOVES
Come Early and Have Your Choice
—AT—
McLennan & McFeely's,
70 YATES STREET.
oc9-tf

The Newcombe Piano, the best in the market. Beauty of Tone, elegance of finish, thoroughness of construction. T.W. FLETCHER, 37 Fort St., Agent. oc3-1m

BELYEA & GREGORY,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
OFFICE:
White House Block, Victoria, B. C.
P. O. BOX 683.

NIGHT SCHOOL.
76 Yates Street, Moody's Block,
Room No. 8.
This school has been in successful operation for three years.
Reasonable terms.
Open every evening except Saturday, from 7 to 9.
HINKSON SIDDALL, M.A., Principal.
se26-2m

P. T. HEBLER,
Teacher of Foreign Languages.
German, French, English, Spanish and Italian.
70 VIEW STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.
EXPERT ACCOUNTANT AND TRANSLATER.
oc28-1m

The JAPANESE BAZAAR
Goods Just Received from Japan per S.S. Mongkut.
Flower pots, tea pots, plates, etc.
Toys, toilet paper, leather cushions, antimony and bronze articles.
Cotton and hemp carpets, lacquered trays, straw cushions, etc., etc.
Japan Rice. Fine Selection of Teas from Japan & India.
MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.,
41 Fort Street, Victoria.
jue3-tf

Prepare your Home for Winter
—BY HAVING—
All Necessary Repairs
—MADE BY—
J. P. BURGESS,
CARPENTER & BUILDER,
NO. 10 BROUGHTON ST.

FOR SALE
A COVERED PHÆTON
oc1-3m

THE WHITE HOUSE.
LADIES' GOSSAMERS
AT $1.00 EACH,
FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY.
Ladies' and Children's Cloth Ulsters to be sold at half-price.
HENRY YOUNG & Co.

HUNTINGDON, B.C.
Situated on the International Boundary Line, at the Junction of the Canadian Pacific, the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern, and the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia Railways,
IS NOW ON THE MARKET
A number of Lots have already been sold, on which substantial buildings are being erected, and a large sawmill is under construction.
HUNTINGDON will be the terminus of three railroads within the next few months and will be the distributing point for the great Sumas Prairie.
Lots from $20 upwards. For sale by F. G. Richards, jr., Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton and Hawthornthwaite & Co. Victoria, B.C.
S. T. MACKINTOSH & CO.
NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C. General Agents.
sept27-tf

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.
Importers and Dealers In Staple and Fancy Groceries Wines & Liquors
HAVE IN, AND arriving, a complete assortment of English Goods, Oilmen's Stores and French Conserves.
AGENTS FOR
Celebrated Eagle Brand of Fresh Eastern Oysters.
Oc16-3m

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.
(LIMITED.)
The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.
This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to
R. L. FOX, OR TO EDWD. J. THAIN, Secretary,
P. O. Box 1,311x Seattle. no29-6m P. O. Box 654, Victoria, B.C

Electric Bells
ALL DESIGNS
ADDRESS
R. B. McMICKING,
10 TROUNCE AVE.
oe17-tf

CAPE ULSTERS
And Overcoats
—IN—
Men's, Youths' Boys' and Children's
The Largest and Finest Assortment in the city. Every Coat a Bargain.
W. J. JEFFREE
40 YATES STREET.

BEACON HILL PARK.

ITS MARVELLOUS COMBINATION OF NATURAL SCENERY.

How Our Beautiful Park Can be Made Still More Beautiful — Suggestions in Regard to Its Maintenance — How Other Parks Are Supported, etc.

By an Observer.

It is acknowledged that the city of Victoria possesses in Beacon Hill Park the chief natural attraction of the northern Pacific shores of America, as a place furnishing at the same time scenic beauty, food for meditation in admiring the grandeur of nature, and the healthful enjoyment of pleasure and recreation. This first ought to be considered not only in a municipal or provincial, but also in a national sense.

Travellers and tourists from all lands who have been privileged to view the magnificent scenery of mountain, sea, and land observable from the top of Beacon Hill, pronounce but one universal verdict—that it furnishes the most extensive and varied marine view in existence. Poets and writers have gone into ecstacy over the Bay of Naples, the Riviera, Lakes Geneva, Como and Killarney; but there has been no writer yet found capable of doing full justice to Beacon Hill. A hurried visit of an hour or so is scarcely adequate to do simple homage to one of the grandest conceptions of nature. To be thoroughly understood, days and weeks are required to take in the mind's eye the scenic beauty—the depths and shades of the environments. Beacon Hill must be studied in the full clear sunshine, the dreamy haze and the slanting beams of declining day, each putting a different phase on the unrivalled prospect of this the grandest of marine views.

In front we have the Straits of Juan de Fuca kissing the indented shores, where the waves' measured surging breaks on the stillness, and chimes dreamy fairy music on the ear; the waters stretching in a glassy breadth to the opposite shores, which, rising like a giant wall, furnish from their snow-clad peaks the ever-wafted breeze that cools the heat of the fierce summer's sun. How bountiful has been nature to this favored spot! There has been nothing spared on this vast scene of negligent profusion of incomparable beauty. The eye, roaming to the rear, may feast to overflowing on a profusion of magnificent sylvan scenery. The city to the left, bursts through leafy surroundings, its gilded spires and minarets pointing heavenward, with the homes of thrift and industry, wealth and affluence peeping from out their flowery bowers. The shady walks, green groves, bowers and coverts of the ornamental, and what might be styled the artificial, portion of the park, radiating from the silvery lakelets, whose unruffled waters reflect the surroundings in lengthened shadows as the sun descends to the west, contrary to some expectations, have been pronounced a complete success; the only fault being that it is not more extensive. The result has borne out the claims of the projectors, and shews that judicious art can improve nature a little.

Leaving that delightful spot, still wanting a few finishing touches, in an endeavor to feast the eye elsewhere, the observer is confronted with ploughed-up roads, half-graded walks, trodden-down grass plots, injured trees and shrubs, thick layers of dust and other unsightly belongings of an unfinished undertaking. The design was good, the foundations solid, and the plans grandly laid off, but the opinion of the many pronounced against the execution of the work, so the building, as it were, has been left in all the unsightly nakedness of a skeleton, with a debris of surrounding grave-clothes to glare at strangers and frighten away visitors—a triumph of the penny-wise pound-foolish policy of the city of Victoria, a folly and a reproach to its progressive people.

Three gentlemen have been gazetted as Park Commissioners, one of whom possesses a natural taste and talent for tree culture and landscape beauty, who has evinced from the first a decided interest in the artificial beautifying of Beacon Hill Park, and whose sole aim in his declining years seems to be the making of his favorite place unrivalled in artificial as well as in natural beauty. The success of the little experiment in the corner containing the ornamental waters, carried out on the suggestion of that gentleman and executed under his voluntary supervision, will no doubt bear material weight on the opinions of his confreres and the public regarding any future propositions for the beautifying of the park that may emanate from so go good an authority in the matter, especially when it is taken into consideration that there can be no possible ulterior object. Confidence thus engendered will ensure success of future projects, and they are many, ere the grounds of Beacon Hill are what they should and ought to be.

Rich wares and apparel look more inviting when displayed in palatial buildings, and when seen from the outside through plate-glass windows; the best work of the painter's pencil to be seen with proper effect must be hung in a good light. So it is with the rich wares and the productions of nature's pencil, as displayed on Beacon Hill, whose environments should be made to correspond in order to invite inspection from the outside world.

The incomplete improvements already laid out, and those designed, are many. It is universally conceded that the drives and walks should not be permitted to remain in their present unsightly condition for another season; that the ornamental shrubs and trees need protection; that the dust nuisance should in some way be abated; that a series of stairs and paths requires to be constructed winding down to the sea beach, for the convenience of women and children, and that additional groves and shady bowers, with a larger sheet of ornamental water than that existing, be made. The foregoing are imperative before Beacon Hill grounds are anything like ship-shape. But they are only a few of the very many artificial additions that the situation demands.

The Babylonians of old constructed, at untold cost of labor, the hanging gardens of Nineveh, traces of which were found in the excavations and explorations of Austin Henry Layard. In all ages poets sang and men worshipped and adored sylvan scenery. The Druids held sacred the giants of the forest and performed their rites and ceremonies in shady groves. "Lakes and Mountains," wrote Lord Beaconsfield, "however glorious for a time, in time weary. Sylvan scenery never pales." Therefore the planting of additional groves and umbrageous walks, where the moving roof will sway with every breeze, should not be overlooked. The attractions of Windsor's royal park are the "Long Walk," bordered for a distance of three miles on either side by giant sycamores, its Rhododendron alleys and the "Virginia water." The sylvan glades of Windsor Park are typical of English scenery and can scarcely be excelled. Hyde Park boasts of its floral decorations, the renewed serpentine water and its shady Rotten Row, and Phœnix Park, Dublin, considered the grandest in Europe, of the Wicklow mountains in the distance, green swards and sylvan groves. The Unter der Linden avenue of Berlin has a world-wide reputation. The situation and scenic grandure of Beacon Hill needs only a little touch of art to place it beyond comparison. The raw material being abundant, there can be no possible doubt of success. David Douglas, the explorer and botanical collector, introduced from the zone of British Columbia into the United Kingdom many of the trees, shrubs and animals that adorn and beautify the grounds and gardens of British houses. In this alone there lies a grand opportunity to exhibit to visitors the natural flora of the country, and the establishment of a minature botanical garden at Beacon hill would be apart from other considerations, an excellent advertisement. The surrounding seas swarm with denizens of the deep, nearly all of which are of great commercial value and which the future wealth of the country in a measure depends. The establishment of an aquarium would be both instructive and entertaining, and also be of incalcuable value in educating the people, the younger generation especially, in the habits of the fish and value of our fisheries; while a well ordered "zoo" of native birds and animals, that roam through our forests, would have a like effect. It may be said that the expense attending these latter projects would entail the expenditure of a large sum of money for establishment and maintainance, and bear heavily on the ratepayers of the city of Victoria. All expenses for maintaining the great public park in the United Kingdom are paid out of the receipts from the public domain through the Commissioners of Woods and Forests, whose Chief Ranger at present is the H.R.H. the Duke of Cambridge. These parks are viewed in the light of being of public utility and as a means of instruction to the nation at large, and are therefore maintained out of the national funds. Therefore, the same argument may well be applied to the instructive projects in regard to Beacon Hill, many of which would entail considerable outlay to make them worthy of the country and their surroundings. The Zoo in Regents Park, London, and that in Phœnix Park, Dublin, also the Botanical Gardens are under the care and control of a society, subsidized by annual grants in some instances. The revenue required to defray expenses is mainly derived from subscriptions of members and the gate money. This latter amounts to considerable item. Now were a similar society formed here, embracing within its sphere the establishment and maintenance of a Botanical Garden, Zoo, and Aquarium, and the whole comprised within one area at Beacon Hill, the gate money alone at say a "bit" entrance fee each for adults and five cents for children, would amount to something considerable in the year. No doubt there are many throughout the Province who would become members of the society, and with a subsidy from the Government combined with the entrance receipts, it is presumed that the municipality of Victoria would be relieved of any extra charge on its revenue for so desirable a purpose. The rate charge for entrance to the Zoo at Regents Park is, on ordinary days 6d.; there are special days when there are bands and other unusual attractions, when the fee is double, while Sunday is reserved for the members of the society and their friends by complimentary ticket. This latter arrangement, however, may not be desirable here. On the whole this suggestion may be found one worthy of consideration by the Park Commissioners, also both the Provincial and Dominion Governments. Banff Park is maintained by the latter as a great natural attraction; surely Beacon Hill may well lay claim to aid from at least from our Provincial authorities.

(Concluded on Monday.)

"A Big Thing."

The Union Pacific is selling round trip tickets, good for six months from date of sale, with four side trips, giving a choice of routes through the finest scenery on the continent. Vestibuled through trains, magnificent Pullman sleeping and dining cars; free tourist sleeping and reclining chair cars. Tickets to all points east, north and south. Call on or address Morris J. Bissell, 100 Government street, Victoria, B. C.

York Farm, Moosomin, N.W.T.

Writing from this fertile district, Mr. G. F. Clarke says: "I had a severe attack of diarrhœa, but was quickly cured by using Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry.

Burdock Blood Bitters.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY,
INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART,
JAUNDICE, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH,
ERYSIPELAS, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
SALT RHEUM,
HEARTBURN,
HEADACHE.

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

SPECIAL MONTREAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOLD LACK SEC.
(Deutz and Geldermann's)
— IS THE —
Finest Champagne on the English Market.
IT IS THE FAVORITE
— OF —
H. R. H the Prince of Wales, The Court, The Army and Navy Club, etc.,
AND USED AT NEARLY ALL IMPORTANT BANQUETS.
LAWRENCE A. WILSON & CO.
SOLE AGENTS, MONTREAL.

DOMINION
PLATE GLASS
INSURANCE CO.
INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
CAPITAL $50,000.
HEAD OFFICE:
37 & 41 Recollet Street, Montreal.
ALEX. RAMSAY, Pres.

THE GREAT OLD ENGLISH REMEDY
OF PURELY VEGETABLE INGREDIENTS WITHOUT MERCURY, USED BY THE ENGLISH PEOPLE FOR OVER 120 YEARS.
Cockle's Pills
COMPOUND ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.
These Pills consist of a careful and peculiar admixture of the best and mildest vegetable aperients and the pure extract of Flowers of Chamomile. They will be found a most efficacious remedy for derangements of the digestive organs, and for obstructions and torpid action of the liver and bowels which produce indigestion and the several varieties of bilious and liver complaints. Sold by all Chemists.
WHOLESALE AGENTS:
EVANS AND SONS, LIMITED, MONTREAL.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

We are putting on the market 5-ACRE BLOCKS on the line of the proposed tramway in the above city.

PRICE $125.00 PER ACRE.

These are bargains either for the speculator or for the home-seeker.

HAWTHORNTHWAITE & Co
30 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

FISH'S
COMPOUND
EXTRACT
SARSAPARILLA AND OREGON GRAPE
FOR THE
LIVER AND BLOOD
The Best Spring Medicine Known.
(Compounded solely from herbs.)
THOMAS FISH, Herbalist and Chemist
86 BLANCHARD STREET, BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.
Pupil of the late Saml. Jno. Stratford, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng.
Over 30 years experience in medicines.

CLEARANCE SALE
— OF —
Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, Etc., Etc.

Being about to retire from business, my entire stock of the latest styles of **Furniture, Carpets, Linoleum, Matting, Window Blinds, Curtains and Poles, Children's Carriages, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Bisque Figures and Ornaments, etc.,** will be sold at such low prices as will effect a speedy sale.

Special inducements in Fine Dinner Sets and other Crockery.

A large shipment, 73 rolls of Linoleum, 12 feet wide, ex Ship WANLOCK, at low rate of freight direct from manufacturers in Scotland, will be sold at bargains.

Intending purchasers will find it to their advantage to give me a call, as the will find my prices lower than any other store in the Province.

JACOB SEHL, 66 & 68 GOVERNMENT STREET
July15-tf

E. G. PRIOR & CO.
VICTORIA, B. C.
Gilpin and Buford Sulky Plows, Prairie Queen Breaking Plows
Essex Centre No. 30 Jointer Plows.
WHIPPLE WHEEL, ACME AND DISC HARROWS.
Hoosier Seed Drills, Pacific Seeders, Chatham Fanning Mills, Minneapolis Grain Cleaners
Largest Assortment of Plows and Harrows
IN THE PROVINCE.
sep15d&w

NEW WELLINGTON
BEST COAL BEST
Carefully screened, and delivered to any part of the city by the
VICTORIA COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD
H. C. MACAULAY, MANAGER.
86 GOVERNMENT STREET. - - - - 4 DOORS SOUTH OF POSTOFFICE.

STEAMBOATS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.
STEAMER
ISABEL
J. E. BUTLER, Master.
On and after November 19th, '89,
Until further notice,
The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:
CALLING AT WAY PORTS:
Leave Victoria for Nanaimo..........Tuesday, 7 a m
" Nanaimo for Comox..........Wednesday, 7 a m
" Comox for Nanaimo..........Friday, 7 a m
" Nanaimo for Victoria..........Saturday, 7 a m
For freight or passage apply on board. oct7

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)
TIME TABLE No. 13,
Taking effect July 17, 1890.

Vancouver Route.
Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 3 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.
LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.
Steamers leave New Westminster for Chilliwhack and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.
Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

Bute Inlet Route.
Steamer Rainbow leaves every Tuesday at 7 a. m., for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.
Steamers leave on Standard Time.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every five days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
City of Puebla - - - - Nov. 1st.
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

FOR PORT ANGELES
The fast and commodious steamer
EVANGEL
Carrying U. S. mails, leaves Port Townsend every
MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,
At 9 o'clock (Mondays and Thursdays through to Neah Bay) calling at New Dungeness, Port Angeles, Crescent Bay, Pysht River, Twin River, Pyscht, Clallam Bay and Neah Bay. Returning Tuesday through to Seattle, Saturday to Port Angeles and return.
THROUGH CONNECTIONS for Port Angeles made at Port Townsend with boats from Victoria on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
nov15tf MORGAN & MANN, Owners.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY
CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,
FOR HONOLULU
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons)..........FRIDAY, Nov. 7, 1890, 12 m.
For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer
ZELANDIA ....SATURDAY Nov. 15, 1890, 12 m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails
For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS. General Agents.
nov26

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 12.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday, October 11th, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH. READ DOWN					GOING SOUTH. READ UP.				
	No. 2 Passenger Daily.		No. 4 Passenger Sat., and Mon.	Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.		No. 1 Passenger Daily.		No. 3 Passenger Sat., and Mon.	Miles from Wellington.
De.	8:00 A M	De.	2:30 P M		VICTORIA	Ar.	12:24 P M	Ar.	5:58 P M	78
"	8:04	"	2:34	1	RUSSELL'S	"	12:20	"	5:54	77
"	8:14	"	2:44	4	ESQUIMALT	"	12:10	"	5:44	74
"	[illegible]	"	3:00	11	GOLDSTREAM	"	11:45 A M	"	5:19	67
"	[illegible]	"	4:01	25	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	"	10:50	"	4:24	53
"	9:14	"	4:14	31	COBBLE HILL	"	10:4[illegible]	"	4:14	47
"	9:37	"	4:20	35	McPHERSON'S	"	10:27	"	3:50	43
"	10:07	"	4:30	38	KOKSILAH	"	10:17	"	3:49	40
"	10:12	"	4:44	40	DUNCAN'S	"	10:12	"	3:44	38
"	10:22	"	4:54	43	SOMENOS	"	10:02	"	3:34	35
"	10:48	"	5:16	52	CHEMAINUS	"	9:36	"	3:12	26
Ar.	11:50	"	6:14	73	NANAIMO	De.	8:34	"	2:14	5
De.	11:5[illegible]					Ar.	8:25			
Ar.	12:14 P M	Ar.	6:29	78	WELLINGTON	De.	8:10	De.	1:50	

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND MONDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passeng Agent.
oct1

RAILWAYS.

UNION PACIFIC THE OVERLAND ROUTE
Tickets
ON SALE
— TO —
DENVER,
Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago,
ST PAUL, ST. LOUIS,
AND ALL POINTS
East, North and South.
UNION PACIFIC
RAILWAY.
STEAMERS.
Tacoma-Victoria Route.
Leave Tacoma .... †8:00 a.m.
Leave Seattle .... 10:00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend .... 1:30 p.m.
Arrive Victoria .... †4:00 p.m.
Leave Victoria .... †6:00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend .... 10:00 a.m.
Leave Seattle .... 1:30 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma .... †5:00 p.m.
Port Townsend-Port Angeles-Route.
Lv. Port Townsend 2 p. m. | Lv. Port Angeles 5 a. m.
Arrive Pt. Angeles 6 p.m. | Ar. Pt. Townsend 9 "
Tacoma-Seattle Route.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Leave Tacoma—8:00 a.m.; 10:00 a.m.; 1:00 p.m.; 3:30 p.m.; 5:00 p.m.; 7:45 p.m.
Leave Seattle—4:00 a.m.; 7:30 a.m.; 12:45 p.m.; 3:00 p.m.; 5:30 p.m.; 7:30 p.m.
SUNDAY ONLY.
Leave Seattle 4:00 a.m.; 9:30 a.m.; and 5:30 p.m.
Arrive " 12:15 p.m.; 6:45 p.m.; and 9:15 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma 6:00 a.m.; 11:30 a.m.; and 7:15 p.m.
Leave Tacoma 10:00 a.m.; 5:00 p.m.; and 7:45 p.m.
Seattle-Olympia Route.
Leave Seattle...†4:30 p.m. | Leave Olympia. †7:00 a.m.
Leave Tacoma.. 7:30 p.m. | Lv. Steilacoom.. 9:00 a.m.
Lv. Steilacoom.. 9:00 p.m. | Leave Tacoma.. 12:00 m.
Ar. Olympia...†11:00 p.m. | Arrive Seattle..†3:30 p.m.
†Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. *Daily.
Seattle, Anacortes, Whatcom & Blaine Route.
Stopping at all way landings.
Steamer leaves Seattle daily, except Saturday, for Whatcom at 11 p.m. Arrives at Whatcom daily, except Sunday, at 9 p.m.
Leaves Whatcom for Seattle daily, except Saturday 8 p.m. Arrives at Seattle daily except Sunday, 2 p.m.
RAIL LINE.
"The Overland Flyer" leaves Portland at 9 p.m. daily, and carries through Pullman Sleepers, Colonist Sleepers, Free Chair Cars and Coaches between Portland and Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, St Paul or Chicago.
"The Limited Fast Mail" leaves Portland at 7 a.m. daily, and carries Pullman Dining and Sleeping Cars between Portland and Chicago.
MORRIS J. BISSELL, General Agent.
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THE
Northern Pacific
RAILROAD
Is the line to take
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.
It is the Dining Car Route.
It runs Through Vestibuled Trains
Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of
DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment.
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and
ELEGANT DAY COACHES.
A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.
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To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or
A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 121 First St. cor Washington, Portland Or
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The only Transcontinental Line
— RUNNING —
SOLID TRAINS
FROM PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC COAST
— CONSISTING OF —
Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleepers—the latter free.
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To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York Boston, Portland, and all points in the United States and Canada, can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.
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For rates, maps and particulars, call on or address
A. CAMERON, Fgt. and Pass. Agent, Government street, Victoria, B. C.
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QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
— AND —
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 110 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash.
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The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

JOSEPH COOK.

His Views on the McKinley Bill and American Politics.

Joseph Cook, the eminent Boston orator was met at the Driard and interviewed by a reporter from the TIMES, in regard to the McKinley tariff. Mr. Cook needs no introduction, for having travelled around the world lecturing in the larger cities in the different countries, he has become of world-wide reputation as an orator on the leading reform questions of the day. He is one of those eloquently able speakers who can hold an audience spell bound with delighted interest. The success he met in China, India, Australia, Japan, England, Scotland, and the various other countries he has visited, amply testify as to his success upon the platform. Taking up as he does questions of reform, and making a careful and minute study of their various phazes, in every detail, his opinions upon the subject now under agitation in the United States and Canada, are of peculiar interest. He is a non-partisan and holds allegiance to neither party in the United States. He says at present neither party (Democratic or Republican) dare come out boldly for free trade. For himself he favors free trade between the States, reciprocity between United States and Canada, and a tariff for revenue only between the United States and foreign countries. He thinks when the United States can compete successfully with foreign countries in their various markets, she will favor free trade.

According to his opinion the McKinley tariff bill was introduced simply as a political measure, which by helping the rich manufacturers, and not materially injuring the working class, would, so to speak, make the party solid with both sides, and so materially strengthen it. No lasting effect will accrue from the passage of the bill, for the various States will be watched, and when it is found that the tariff needs reforming it will be done by the Republican party. The tariff as it stands will have to be reformed in some of its details.

The Canadian politicians are not disturbed by the tariff legislation, as they know that it will have to be amended to keep the Republican party in power. He admires very much Blaine's debate with Gladstone, and says that he favors free trade just a little more than Blaine seems to in his speech. He thinks the working people will growl at the effect of the tariff, and to secure their co-operation, the Republicans will modify the bill. He has no doubt that the next President will be a Republican (who he can not say), but he thinks that it will be brought about by the Federal Election Bill, as an issue instead of tariff. The Republican party are kept in power now upon their record during the war, and because they have still a great work to do among the 60,000,000 colored population of the Southern States. At present they they are oppressed, and not allowed a free ballot, but this will be done away with materially after the election of '92.

He says had Canada belonged to the United States before the war, the bloody conflict would not have occurred. As for annexation of Canada to the United States, he thinks the people of the United States are satisfied with their present boundaries, and they leave the matter as an issue wholly with the Canadians. Canada as a separate country governing herself, would not do at present, and since the C. P. R. road has been built England would not give her up as she governs the traffic between England and the Pacific Islands to a great extent. Imperial Federation seems to be what Canada would be in favor of, but it is the last resort the United States would look to. Dr. Cook seems to have a good opinion of Blaine as a shrewd politician and considers Sherman a statesman who works not only for the party but the people.

According to his opinion Harrison is not a "power in the party," and as there are stronger men who also come from the doubtful states he regards Harrison as being a dark horse in the coming campaign.

THE LEPERS LIKE MUSIC.

An Item of News From the Leper Colony in the Pacific Ocean.

Now and again the world looks down with a peculiar vagueness at that strange colony of human beings isolatlated on that Pacific Ocean island from the great body of humanity. Even now people look, and rightly so, with reverential awe on that noble man, Father Damien, who sacrificed his life to work among the lepers, loathed and avoided by men, and any account of his doings was received as news from a world not of, though upon this earth.

When death laid his cold cloak over this great man's life, it was wondered if any other human being existed with religious zeal and moral courage sufficient to take charge of his loathsome flock whom he loved so. That man was found in the Rev. Father L. L. Conrandy. He went down and reports of his good work reach the outer world occasionally. The most recent one comes to Victoria in a letter received by Mr. C. A. Lombard, acknowledging the receipt of some pieces of music that were sent down. The reverend father says the lepers evince the greatest pleasure and interest in music, and would keep him for hours to-gether, had he the time to spare, at the piano. It is not enough for them to hear the music, they must see the player. Here the writer draws a pathetic, though pretty word picture of these unfortunate beings waiting patiently there for death, all earthly joys and pleasures past for them, and the grave digger waiting sternly, shovel in hand, to bury their already ghastly bodies out of sight so soon as the remnant of life left in them flickers out.

Father Conrandy speaks of Miss A. Fowler (Sister Rose Gertrude) having resigned and given up the work. He says: This is no place for a single lady or gentleman, unless she or he belong to some regular order. The reality, the hideousness of the disease soon kills interest of enthusiasm in the cause of the lepers, for nearly all these people are twice lepers, lepers in body and lepers in soul, and gratitude and affection are words void of sense among them. The colony is composed of people of all denominations.

FRESH EASTERN OYSTERS in tins, received regularly, trade supplied. Dixi H. Ross.

Wellington Coal.

The old reliable coal and wood yard, office 42 Yates street, is now prepared to supply the market with the best New Wellington Coal.

HEATHORN & MCINTOSH.

Wisdom's Violet Cream.

Is a new and elegant preparation for eradicating and preventing roughness of the face and hands. Use it freely at night just before retiring and you will be delighted with a soft, smooth skin. Try it. D. E. Campbell, agent. *

Fifty Dollars Collected.

Two Indians were convicted in the police court this morning with being in possession of an intoxicant, and were fined $25 and costs each. The sum will help to swell the city revenues slightly.

The Largest Belt in Canada.

A belt 85 feet long, 40 inches wide, has just been completed by Messrs Robin & Sadler of Montreal for the Manitoba Electric and Gas Light Co., Winnipeg. This belt is made of three ply heavy leather, each outer ply being a single width of 40 inches and the centre ply two 20 inch strips. This is the largest and heavest belt ever made in Canada.

Left the City.

A day or two days ago summonses were issued to Lawrence Mooney and J. Daily, both being charged with vagrancy. The papers were returnable this morning, but neither of the worthies put in an appearance, and warrants for their arrest have been issued. It is more than likely that the haunts that once knew them will know them no more, and the same is greatly to the benefit of the city.

Long Drawn Out.

That never-ending and very wearisome Chinese perjury case, which has dragged its slow length along the pages of the police court records for the past few weeks, was given another remand this morning owing to the absence of one of the lawyers. At its present rate of progress, the parties who are interested will probably all die of old age before the finish comes.

Antiquarian Relics.

A valuable collection of relics has been discovered near Westminster by parties at work on the North Arm road. The collection consists of 15 stone implements, 6 bone chisels, arrow and spears heads, and one human skull, all in a state of fine preservation. These fragments of the past were found at a depth of about ten feet. Immediately over them lay a thick statum of sea shells, mingled with gravel, silt and sand. Above this semi-crustaceous deposit were several strata of ordinary geological formation, such as clay, conglomerate, gravel, loam, etc., and above all directly over the spot where the relics were found, towered a gigantic Douglas fir, nine feet in diameter at the cut.

St. John's Church Bazaar.

The bazaar to be given early in December by the ladies of St. John's Church will be on a scale which will claim for it the strong recommendation of originality. It is the intention to extend it over three days, closing each day with an entertainment of some kind, each one of which will be conducted by a lady or gentleman whose name alone will be sufficient guarantee of its excellence. Then the fact of the event coming off so soon before Christmas suggests the idea of articles suitable to that season, and an effort will be made to have a large and varied supply of goods that will prove to be serviceable and ornamental souvenirs of the bazaar for friends. Arrangements are not yet completed, but no pains will be spared to make them all that can be desired. For three days the schoolroom and all who enter it will be under the supreme control of the ladies.

A Grand Celebration.

Scottish music was succeeded by Scottish mirth last night at the Sir William Wallace Society's hall, crowded to excess by a delighted audience. The programme was excellent and in entire consonance with the feeling of those who went to listen to it. Hallowe'en was worthily celebrated here as it was elsewhere "far awa' frae bonnie Scotland." In the first part, those who contributed to the evening's enjoyment were, Miss O'Neil, Miss Herd, Messrs. Alcorn, Firth and Boyd, all of whom met with a large share of applause and appreciation. Mr. W. Steward gave a violin solo, Mr. McCrae danced a true highland fling and Miss Robertson sang. The society's orchestra also figured on the programme and was rewarded. In the the second part, opened with a scene from Rob Roy, there were songs and recitations rendered by Miss Jamieson, Miss O'Neil, Miss Herd, Miss Russell, Messrs Graham, Firth and McCrae. The floor was then cleared for dancing, and the music of the pipes was heard till early morn.

New Literature.

Not a little trouble has been gone to in order to secure even the very inadequate law of copyright at present supposed to exist for the protection of Canadian publishers and authors; yet, notwithstanding this, booksellers throughout the province flagrantly violate the law, to the detriment of Canadian houses, by openly giving precedence to the foreign copyrighted edition. Perhaps in this, there are, as in all other questions, a reason, or explanation. The Canadian publishing houses are located principally in the East, and they are usually behind their American competitors in issuing the Canadian copyright of the same edition. The consequence is that the first issue finds its way into this province before the home book, and as it can be sold cheaper, the sale is rapid. The result is that the bookselling firm which acts with loyalty to the home publishers suffers a considerable loss. It not only has to await the late book, but has to compete with the cheaper and earlier and foreign one. This altogether nullifies the effect of the already nearly ineffective Canadian law. The foreign importation should not pass the customs, but it does, and despite the fact that the penalty attaching to a violation of the law is $200, there seems to be no attempt made to enforce it.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Stanley House,

COR. BROAD AND YATES STS.

Wm. S. HAMPSON, Manager.

BEG to inform their customers and the public that they will discontinue the sale of the Bankrupt Stock of Dry Goods AT PRESENT PRICES on November 15th. After that date all lines will be advanced considerably.

Stanley House,

GENERAL DRY GOODS,

Cor. Broad & Yates

AMUSEMENTS.

ORANGE BALL.

L. O. L., 1597, OF SAANICH

Will give a Grand Ball and supper at the Agricultural Hall on Wednesday, Nov. 5th.

Tickets for Ladies and Gentleman $2.00.

oc31-td

ST. JAMES' CHURCH.

The Ladies of St. James' Sewing Society intend holding their annual

SALE OF WORK

Of useful and fancy articles, in the Cathedral School Room, on

Tuesday, November 4th

A GOOD LUNCHEON

Will be served by the Ladies from 12 to 2 p.m. for 25 cents.

The Sale will be kept open till 9 p.m

Tea and Refreshments and Music during the evening. oc18-td

VICTORIA OPERA HOUSE.

Thursday & Friday, Nov. 6 and 7

THE

Mendelssohn Quintette Club.

Isodor Schnitzler,
Samuel Jennison,
Paul Kenneberg,
Paul Jennison,
Thomas Ryan,

—AND—

Miss MARIE BARNARD

Prima Donna,

Will Give Two Grand Concerts.

Entire change of programme each evening.

Box plan now open at C. A. Lombard & Co.'s

Prices $1.00 and 50c. oc27-td

Prof. Greiner's

BOHEMIAN GLASS-BLOWING

AND FINE ART EXHIBITION

Will Open at 30 Government Street

(TELEGRAPH BLOCK)

SATURDAY, NOV. 1st,

FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY.

Exhibiting his wonderful art in blowing glass into all imaginable forms and shapes without moulds.

ON EXHIBITION, his two celebrated Glass Steam Engines in full operation. Also the only spun and woven GLASS DRESS in the world, flexible and durable as silk, etc., etc.

Doors open 10 a.m., to 10 p.m.

Admission 25c.; children 10c. oc30-1w

PENDRAY'S EXTRACT OF SOAP

is the Purest and Quickest Washing Powder known. Ask your Grocer for it.

ONE POUND PACKAGE 20 CTS., OR 3 FOR 50 CTS.

The Westside

SEASON'S GOODS

WATERPROOF COATS

We have to hand a well selected stock of these goods in shapes—Fife, Teck, Russian and Princess. Prices from $3.50 to $15.

—ALSO—

CHILDREN'S

W. P. COATS

all sizes.

FUR-LINED

CLOAKS

In Squirrel, Lock and other linings, from $14 to $100.

ULSTERS & DEEP COATS

We would call special attention to these goods. Exceptional value and LATEST STYLES.

JACKETS

In Cloth, Seal, Sealette, Plush and Beaver.

Prices from $3.50 to $250

J. HUTCHESON & CO., 70 Government St.

QUININE WINE!

Booth's Genuine Quinine Wine is the best Tonic and Appetizer known.

Superior to all other preparations in such diseases as Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, Convalescence from Exhausting Diseases, and Functional Derangement of the Stomach.

WHOLESALE AGENTS, LANGLEY & CO., 21 & 23 Yates St.

T. G. RAYNER, REAL ESTATE and FINANCIAL BROKER

CITY LOTS, ACRE LOTS AND WATER FRONT LOTS

IN VICTORIA WEST, FOWL BAY AND WEST BAY,

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And a Complete List of First-Class Properties to Suit Investors.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

Have just received, ex "Brodick Bay," a large consignment of the celebrated

LLOYD & LLOYD
L & L

GAS AND WATER TUBING, Black and Galvanized.

Corner Broad and Yates Streets, Victoria. P. O. Box 86.

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DE VEULLE & CRUICKSHANK,

Real Estate & Financial Brokers,

TROUNCE AVENUE.

au15-tf

COAL & WOOD.

New Wellington Coal & First-Class Wood,

Delivered to any part of the city at lowest market prices.

OFFICE, 124 GOVERNMENT STREET

TELEPHONE CALL 20.

se1-tf

T. J. LINDSAY.

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

—RESIDENCE:—

Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.

feb3tf

SCOTCH HOUSE

31 Fort Street.

McLEAN & STEWART.

Our Spring Stock of Clothing is now complete.

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS IN THE LATEST STYLES.

White and Colored Cricketing Flannel Shirts.

—ALSO—

A FINE LINE OF ENGLISH GLADSTONE BAGS.

feb27

McLEAN & STEWART.

MACHINERY.

Saw, Planing, Flour, Woollen Mill and Brickyard Machinery

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

MILL SUPPLIES KEPT IN STOCK. SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

F. G. STRICKLAND & CO., New Westminster, B.C.

june9-1y

BOURCHIER, CROFT & MALLETTE, REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

The Indian schooner Sierra has hauled out for a thorough renovating.

The sealer Maggie Mac has been hauled on Clark's ways for repairs.

The Titania is all ready to sail from the Fraser, and only awaits the lifting of the fog.

The Norwegian ship Mor, loading at Tacoma, has taken on two of the largest sticks of timber ever shipped from the Sound. Each are 110 feet long and two feet square.

The American barque Spartan, consigned to the Oriental Traders Co., of Vancouver, left Manila on the 22nd Oct., with the first cargo of raw sugar for the British Columbia Sugar Refinery. She is expected to be in port about the middle of December.

Cut This Out.

Now stir the fire, and close the shutters fast,
Let fall the curtains, wheel the sofa round,
And while the bubbling and loud-hissing urn
Throws up a steamy column, and the cups
That cheer but not inebriate, wait on each,
So let us welcome peaceful evening in,
And consult with one another, although
'Tis well agreed that cochrane and munn's
Is in location most convenient,
And even during the silent hours of night,
Prescriptions will be carefully filled.
—Anonymous.

Special Service.

The special service to open the new organ at the St. James' church, will take place on Wednesday, the 12th, not Monday, the 17th, is announced in last night's TIMES. The musical portion will be the leading feature, and preparations are going on to make it the pleasantest. The choir have been practising for some time for the occasion.

Not Struck Here Yet.

Last Wednesday the signal service of the United States telegraphed that a terrific gale was to pass over British Columbia in the course of 24 hours, and all vessels in Seattle and Sound ports were warned not to proceed to sea. That gale has not struck here yet, and the appearance of the sky and weather glass is not indicative of any immediate atmospheric phenomena.

Bohemian Glass Blowers.

The wonderful way that Prof. Greiner moulds glass into artistic and fancy shapes is attracting considerable attention. The room in Telegraph block, Government street, was well filled with visitors this afternoon who were very interested in what they saw. Beside the glass blowing exhibition there are many beautiful and curious things to be seen, not the least of which is a steam engine at work, and a dress, soft as silk, and strong as well as pliable, but all made of glass. The show is well worth seeing, being instructive and interesting.

The Law's Peculiar Ways.

Mr. McFadden, an old resident of this city, was assaulted by another man a few evenings ago, and his face was battered about pretty badly. He holds that he gave no provocation whatever for this treatment, and has taken legal proceedings against his assailant. The legal procedure to be gone through in doing so somewhat mystified him. He asked that the man be arrested, but he was sent to the magistrate for a summons, price two dollars and fifty cents, the summons returnable on Friday. The man summoned has left the city and the document cannot be served upon him outside the municipal boundary. Cases can be cited within a month or so ago of identically the same nature, where both parties were arrested. Mr. McFadden wants to know wherein lies the exception in his case.

Death of a Pioneer Lady.

The sudden and unexpected death, at Vancouver, of Mrs. John Austin, says the Columbian, removes a lady who was a pioneer of the pioneers, and one who has been known and esteemed throughout the Province, from Cariboo to Victoria, since the early days, by hundreds, of the old timers especially. With her husband, Mrs. Austin kept an hotel in Cariboo during the palmiest days of that Eldorado, and for a time also, it will be remembered, conducted the Occident Hotel in Westminster. Besides her bereaved husband, the deceased lady leaves five daughters and two sons. Of the former are Mrs. Chas. Wilson, Victoria; Mrs. D. McGillivray and Mrs. James Orr, of Vancouver; and two unmarried; one of the sons is verging on manhood, whilst the youngest is about 12 years of age. The bereaved family will have the sympathy of their many friends.

Bridge Badly Needed.

A correspondent to the Columbian, writing from Chilliwhack says:—"The young man drowned was Gustave Blanchard, a half-breed. The recent heavy rains have swollen all the streams to such an extent that they are impassable. There being no bridge on Vedder Creek, the only way to cross is to ford the stream, and it was in doing so that the man and horses were swept down the creek and drowned. This sad accident occurred on the main trunk road, and the people around here are very anxious that you should give the Government a good blow up about the necessity of a bridge across this dangerous stream. Several others barely escaped the same fate on this same creek. Mr. J. T. Wilkinson was almost drowned last evening there, and other accidents, fortunately not fatal, have occurred from time to time, since the bridge was carried away over a year ago." As has been stated already, the attention of the Government has been repeatedly called to the great necessity of having the bridge across Vedder Creek rebuilt. What the Provincial authorities could have been thinking about to neglect rebuilding, without delay, so important a bridge on the main trunk road through the various settlements from Westminster to Hope, is difficult to imagine. It is to be hoped no more such sad, but stern reminders as the fatal accident of Tuesday will be required to arouse them to a sense of their duty in this matter.

Thermometer at Cochrane & Munn's.

Temperature to-day, 50 deg.

Keep Clean.

For a first-class shave or hair-cut go to George Russell's, 48 Yates street.

Ladies and Gentlemen.

Buy your cork soled boots at Erskine's, 132 Government street, corner Johnson.

Gents' Furnishings.

Go to R. J. Matthews, merchant tailor, for gents' furnishings. No. 101 Douglas street.

A Cure for Toothache.

Ask your druggist for Gibbons' Toothache Gum, prepared by J. A. Gibbons & Co., Toronto. Price 15 cents. oc9 eod 6m

Look at This.

The Rock Bay Coal and Wood Yard guarantee to give 2000 lbs. to the ton. Telephone No. 556.

HEATHORN & MCINTOSH.

Electric.

Use Electric Waterproof Shoe Dressing. See Mansell's Adv. Does all that is claimed. Try one tin for 15 cents. oc27-1w

Are You Hungry?

If so, remember that Steitz's restaurant, 54 Yates street, has all the delicacies of the season. Our first importation of Eastern Oysters. Open all night.

Arrived O. K.

A beautiful line of Razors, Strops and Shaving Materials can be seen at Fox's 78 Government street. Call and see the fine assortment of Pocket Knives and Scissors.

Art Notice.

Mr. Biggar will enlarge your portrait in any of the kinds of work of art you would desire. Oil, porcelain or crayon, water color, or pastelle, or Indian ink, all complete, with handsome frame, $15. Orders taken at the Boston Candy factory. oct11-1m.

Ladies and Gentlemen.

Do not throw away your rubber boots, shoes, coats or gossamers, because they are torn or have a few holes worn in them. Remember they can be made as good as new by Geo. A. Shade, shoemaker, 23 Broad street, opposite Trounce Avenue. oct1-1m

Victoria in the Van.

Williams' directory for 1891, is nearing completion. Computed by its contents, Victoria has just 25,000 people, Vancouver 8,000, and Westminster over 10,000.

Beacon Hill Park.

Attention is drawn to an article in another column, which describes the many beauties of Beacon Hill Park. It will be endorsed by lovers of that magnificent pleasure resort. The suggestions given for the further improvement of the park are also good ones.

All Saints' Day.

To-day is "All Saints' Day," one of the most important holy days of the Catholic church. High mass was celebrated at St. Andrew's Pro-Cathedral, at which there was a very large attendance. Rev. Father Nicolaye officiated. To-morrow is "All Souls' Day," and will be one of mourning.

Fast Time.

The Union Pacific vestibuled train leaving Portland at 7.00 a.m., has Pullman sleeping and dining cars. Free Pullman tourist cars, and free reclining chair cars to Omaha, Kansas City and Chicago, without change. Steamers leave Victoria daily (except Sunday.) For tickets to any point east, north and south, call on or address Morris J. Bissell, 100 Government St., Victoria, B. C.

Harbor Thieves.

Sealers and masters of other vessels lying in the harbor are complaining of some harbor thief, who is carrying on operations on the vessels in Victoria harbor. Captain Grant, of the schooner Beatrice, has the last charge to make, and he suffers from the worst theft that can well be committed on a vessel in port. Some one has stolen the lines by which his schooner was made fast. The act would not have seemed so bad had the fellow taken something or anything else than the boat's lines. The captain considers it adding insult to injury to steal the lines and turn his vessel adrift as well. He complains very much at the lack of protecttion.

Removed Gates.

A party of young men, all of whom, although not mediums, were considerably under the influence of spirits, were last night seized with the desire to distinguish themselves in some curious and out of the common fashion. Their inventive ability, however, was not equal to the task of evolving anything very brilliant or original, and in consequence, the old, stale joke of lifting gates off their hinges and depositing the same as a considerable distance from their proper place, was resorted to. In consequence of this, several worthy citizens living at Spring Ridge were this morning out bright and early looking, not for worms, but missing gates. One resident vows that in the future he shall anchor his garden gate with a big chunk of pig-iron.

Who is Responsible?

The very height or consummation of satire would seem to be in the fact of a man getting out on a prolonged spree and having a thoroughly high old time, committing various mistakes, the most important of which was running over a man, breaking several of his ribs (placing his life in a scale with only a feather to weigh it down and keep it in the body), and then going home to sober up to the decision to prosecute the police for not having arrested him while on the drunken bout and placing him where he could do no harm. This is what the man Marquis has threatened to do. He was on a prolonged racket, the result of which was the accident to Mr. Caselton. Marquis holds now that the authorities are responsible for his act and not himself. He was unconscious of what he was doing, and should have been arrested in the interests of pubic safety.

SPORTING NOTES.

Brief Resume of Sporting Matters Here and There.

It is rather late, too late in fact, for lacrosse, but there is a match on at Westminster to-day.

FOOTBALL

A match was down for the hill this afternoon between Victoria and the Navy which is to be the deciding game between the two teams, both having already won two games. The Victoria team is to be made up of Hayes, Tytler, M[illegible]er, Wilson, Barrett, Carpenter, Rogers, Drake, Burstall, Ward, Crease, Billinghurst, Van Malligan, and Roberts.

V. A. C. MATTERS.

The members of the Victoria Athletic Club are in training for an exhibition which it is intended shall be given by them in the course of a few weeks.

Fourteen new members of the club were elected at the last meeting.

The First Session.

The Provincial Labor Congress opened its first session at Nanaimo to-day, the Victoria Trades Assembly being represented by Secretary Ireland and several delegates. The business will be the discussion of the working-man's position in this Provice, the influence exercised on labor by the Chinese, the matter of wages, and the course to be pursued by the different unions on the questions affecting them.

Declined the Invitation.

Lawrence Mooney and James Daly don't move in the elite circle of society in this city, but they are very prominent men, and figure as much in public life as any one else. A few days ago his honor the police magistrate expressed a desire to have the pleasure of their company at his matutinal reception, and a correctly worded invitation, in conformity with all the rules of police etiquette, was written out and handed the invitees. They were so remiss as not even to acknowledge receipt, and now a more pressing request has been written out in the shape of an arrest warrant.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—Mrs Malloy, J C Mann, A L Richardson, Jos Dudgeon and wife, B Campbell, Dick Weston, A P Joyce, H P Richasdson, Mrs Edwards, R Donaldson, J G Woodworth, H McAuliffe, J W Depeiss, A Leo, R D Williams, J A Limsdon, J Stewart, V Howard, E D Lloyd, Capt Reilly, J C Harris.

Per Str City of Kingston from the Sound—D Lester, L Leigh, J A Owen and wife, Mrs Oakes, G Duville, M Olsen, C F Clapp, H L Graves, H Robinson, W Rusher, F Levi, M Smith and wife, Dr Quinlan and wife, N Galligher, Mrs Chapman, D Hanny, J W Grant and wife, J O'Malley, N B Churchill and wife, W P Bell and wife, George Farrell, C E Thompson, G T Brannan, E W Woster, C W McDonald, G A Cook and wife, C E Mallette, J Cayle, Geo Williams.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—Mrs Wingmott, W H Adams, M Brannan, H C Daly, E R Smith, Captain H G Lewis, Geo Webb, W F Johnson, L Bianci, F M Jones J Dowell, S S Taylor, G T Oliver, F C Gamble, R Smalls, G Bruce, H V Edmonds, R Llewellyn, Mrs Carlon, Mrs Levy, Miss Deighton, A Horn, Mrs Smalls.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver—Mitchell and Lester, A Phillips and Son, W G Cameron, J A T Caton, Robert Connon, Capt J T Bennett, National Electric Tramway Co, Baker and Co, Naval Storekeeper, C W Phillip Richardson and Heathorn, Order, Lenz and L, Merchants Bank of Canada, J H Todd and Son, Order Bank of Hamilton, E G Prior, J Hutchinson, Hall Ross & Co, Hastie and Erskine, J P and Co, R H McIntyre, Dixi H Ross, Langley and Co, Edwin Dickinson, John Barnsley, Hy Short, Geo Powell and Co, A and W Wilson, J R McKenzie, D S Lennan, G T Sherret, Joseph Somers, Jacob Sehl, James Leigh, A Holmes, S Leiser, M W Waitt and Co, A Lewis and Co, Robert Jamieson, Eli Harrison, C Strouss and Co, John Weiler, R C McRae, J T Pierre, E B Marvin, E B Carmichael, Hudson's Bay Co, Williams and Fraser, McL & McF, R Smalls, Dom Ex Co.

Per Str. City of Kingston from the Sound—J H Todd and Son, R Crabb, H Mansell, Lenz and Leiser, Mann and Heron, Langley and Co, Robert Jamieson, George Powell and Co, J H Baker, P McQuade and Son, Young, Bickle & Co, Campbell and Anderson, Henry Short, A I Works, R Old, R Marion.

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The FIRST AND ONLY
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"If it be well to wash the skin—and we never heard the proposition questioned—it is well also that we should be familiar with the means by which that purpose may be most efficiently attained.

"We once knew a beautiful woman, with a nice complexion, who had never washed her face with soap all her life through; her means of polishing were, a smear of grease or cold cream; then a wipe, and then a lick with rose water. Of course we did not care to look too closely after such an avowal, but we pitied her, for soap is the food of the skin.—

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IN THE
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1st—It is a waterproof preservative for all grades of leather.
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IT IS NOT

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1st—It will make the finest or coarsest shoes as soft and pliable as kid, and consequently very easy to the foot.
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oct21

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Increased funds becoming actually necessary, annual subscribers will kindly pay their subscriptions and donations to the secretary who will furnish the necessary receipt for the same.

The Directors propose between now and 30th November next canvassing the city in sections, and as no direct appeal to the public has been made for nearly three years they confidently hope their call will be liberally met.

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